

1941

SECOND WAREXTRA JAPANESE CARRIER SUNK! PEARL HARBOR - HICKAM BOMBED ENEMY PLANES BOMB PHILIPPINES "REMAIN CALM"-- COL. LYMAN MAUI NEWS

BLACKOUT NOTICE: No vehicles will be allowed on the roads tonight without a permit from the Police Department.

HUNDREDS INJURED MAUI MOBILIZED

21 JAPANESE WARSHIPS SIGHTED BY U. S. PLANE

A SCOUTING PLANE FROM WHEELER FIELD SPOTTED 21 JAPANESE SHIPS 25 MILES OFF OAHU FLYING THE UNITED STATES FLAG, AND FIRING AT U. S. ARMY PLANES. IT WAS RUMORED. THE GOVERNOR OF THE DUTCH EAST INDIES TODAY DECLARED WAR ON JAPAN.

According to reports received by radio at the Maui County Major Disaster Committee, one enemy carrier from which planes have been attacking Oahu has been sunk. The report came in at 1:25 P. M.

Reports were heard over police radio from Paia and Wailuku police station warning all police officers or anyone to shoot on sight all parachute troops dressed in blue uniforms.

Roosevelt To Message Congress

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT TODAY BEGAN WORK ON A SPECIAL MESSAGE TO THE CONGRESS, SCHEDULED TO MEET AT NOON TOMORROW, CALLING FOR A FORMAL DECLARATION OF WAR ON JAPAN.

Simultaneous attacks on the Philippine and Hawaiian Naval Bases were reported, with an attack on the island of Guam later in the day.

BOTH HOUSES OF PARLIAMENT WERE SUMMONED TO MEET IN LONDON TO HEAR AN ANNOUNCEMENT THAT GREAT BRITAIN HAS ALSO DECLARED WAR ON THE JAPANESE EMPIRE.

Japanese Ambassador Saburo Kurusu today handed Secretary of State Cordell Hull the Japanese answer to the United States' message of November 26.

After carefully reading the message Mr. Hull turned to the Japanese envoy and said "I must say that I have never uttered one word of untruth during these conversations. And I have never seen a document more crowded with infamous falsehoods."

It was revealed also that a large Japanese force landed on the Thailand peninsula near the border of the Federated Malay States.

The Amaze Clipper landed safely at Oahu at the time the attack was going on. A state of emergency was declared in the San Francisco Bay area as all army and navy personnel were called to duty.

Radio Reports from San Francisco said that casualties at Pearl Harbor totaled 350 killed and wounded.

PARAGONISTS REPORTED Unsubstantiated reports from Honolulu of 2 P.M. said that one hundred and fifty airplanes had landed near Kahala. It was reported that bombs had landed near O. Street on the Fort Street. These reports were unconfirmed.

All major disaster council volunteers on Oahu were called to service coincident with the emergency declaration.

Air traffic between the islands was halted immediately. Residents of Maui were startled and there was considerable doubt as to the authenticity of the reports coming in over the radio, but the first official news broadcast by the army under the provisions of the civilian defense act, asserted that it is not a test mobilization and Mr. Herschler is thus virtually dictator of all that Oahu is actually under attack.

Louis H. Herschler, coordinator of the Maui County Major Disaster Council, immediately began mobilizing the provisional police corps of this island for protection of vital facilities, and other volunteer units to assist in event the attack should be diverted to the Valley Island.

Another radio announcement called a number of physicians to Tripler general hospital to take care of injured, indicated that considerable number of individuals had been hurt in the aerial attack.

RADIO STATIONS SHUT DOWN IMMEDIATELY AFTER THIS MESSAGE, AND ANNOUNCED THAT THEY WOULD COME ON AGAIN ONLY TO GIVE GOVERNMENT ORDERS. THEY REQUESTED CIVILIANS, HOWEVER, TO KEEP THEIR RADIOS ON TO RECEIVE THESE ORDERS.

BULLETIN

PROCLAMATION OF FOOD DISTRIBUTION

The strict emergency measures regarding the distribution of food so far as the supply for all civilians is concerned. It is hereby ordered that the following shall be done:

1. That the food supply for the island of Maui shall be distributed through the Maui Food Administration. 2. That the Maui Food Administration shall be authorized to purchase, store, and distribute food for the island of Maui. 3. That the Maui Food Administration shall be authorized to issue ration tickets to the people of Maui. 4. That the Maui Food Administration shall be authorized to issue ration tickets to the people of Maui. 5. That the Maui Food Administration shall be authorized to issue ration tickets to the people of Maui.

OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

1. Public Assembly. In order to minimize the possibility of civilian casualties if an air raid comes, the public is hereby warned to avoid public assemblies. 2. The Honolulu High School football game scheduled at Kalia 7:30 p.m. December 7 is hereby indefinitely postponed. 3. There will be no night performances in the movies tonight. 4. Schools will be open as usual on Monday morning unless you are advised otherwise by your principal.

LATE BULLETINS: MANILA EVACUATED

Japanese planes reportedly machine-gunned a town near Honolulu, according to NBC, but there was no indication as to which town it was. Lt. Gen. Douglas MacArthur, commander of the Philippines department, ordered the evacuation of Manila as a defense precaution.

Transcontinental and Western Airlines (TWA) announced that it has instructed all its offices to refuse to carry any Japanese nationals.

LYMAN ASKS

Particular vigilance has been urged along the seacoast where landing parties might attempt to gain a foothold from surface or undersea vessels. Although the early emergency affected only the island of Oahu, Outside Islands, on the alert for the past ten days were fully mobilized and ready for any possible untoward event.

All furloughs enlisted personnel 299th on Maui are hereby cancelled, men return to their posts immediately.

The following warning or bulletin was issued to the residents of Maui at 4:05 a.m. Sunday morning by Col. Charles E. Lyman, Maui District commander of the Army:

"All persons be on the lookout for aircraft, surface craft and suspicious assemblies.

"Those not concerned in the defense are advised to carry on their normal work.

"Stay away from army and navy installations unless it is necessary to carry on business with army or navy officials.

"Be prepared for blackouts; watch out for fires and help extinguish same.

"Avoid unnecessary large assemblies.

"Watch out for air raids; if in crowds in open places and get under cover.

"Report any propaganda or observation or any of above to District Headquarters.

"Whatever you do, do not become hysterical... remain calm!"

OKLAHOMA DAMAGED

Dive bombers in attack of Pearl Harbor damaged the USS Oklahoma and scored direct hits on at least two other battleships and destroyers it was reported from Honolulu in semi-official reports.

Tentative reports indicated that an attack on the Philippines took place simultaneously with the bombing on Oahu this morning. No reports of damage were received other than many were injured.

Japanese short-wave radio stations heard here Sunday morning stated that the cabinet met to declare war on the United States at 6 a.m., shortly before the first attack on Oahu!

NEWS CENSORED Communications between the islands were under strict army censorship and the Maui News was unable to discuss the war situation with its UNITED PRESS representative in Honolulu. The Maui News will be on 24 hour duty, however, supplying the news when it is available.

Kamehameha Schools Museum Archive

Stacy Naipo, KSK 1982

Archivist

Candace W. Lee

Assistant Archivist

Digitization Project Team

Kawika Makaanani (HP Collection Librarian)

Jan Becket (Photography Kumu)

Candace W. Lee (KS Assistant Archivist)

Kawika Mahelona (Midkiff LC SPC Kumu)

Charlene Hara (Midkiff LC library assistant)

Mahalo no kou kōkua nui

Finding Aid

by Candace W. Lee

Kamehameha Schools Assistant Archivist

Abstract: *Maui News* on World War II newspapers number about 68. These newspapers are stored in the Hawai'i Pacific Collection of Midkiff Learning Center, Kamehameha Schools, Kapālama campus and were digitized in 2011.

Dates: December 7, 1941- December 24, 1941

Size: 163 MB, 68 pages

Provenance: . An original set of *Maui News* newspapers is stored in the Hawai'i Pacific Collection of Midkiff Learning Center at Kamehameha Schools, Kapālama. During the 2011 Christmas Break, the newspapers were digitized by Candace W. Lee using a Pentax K-r camera since newspaper broadsheets are usually about 600 x 750 mm (23.5" x 29.5"). A request from Kamehameha Schools, Maui high school librarian, Ramona Ho, requested the digitization of WWII *Maui News* newspapers. Candace W. Lee assembled the project team and did the work. Charlene Hara worked with Jan Becket to assemble a unique photographic camera outfit for the project.

Physical Access: With the permission of the Hawai'i Pacific librarian

Citation: Kamehameha Schools. Each researcher assumes full responsibility to comply with current U.S. copyright laws.

Historical Note

The United States of America entered the global war begun earlier in Europe and Asia when the Japanese bombed the U.S. Pacific fleet stationed at Pearl Harbor in Honolulu, the U.S. Territory of Hawai'i. December 7, 1941 is a date remembered in the islands and at Kamehameha Schools, an independent school with a military academy.

A peaceful Sunday morning around 7:30 a.m., the Girls at Kamehameha School for Girls were outside picking flowers for breakfast and others were sweeping the dormitory walkways. These unsuspecting girls waved to the Japanese Zero planes that flew low overhead thinking that this was another military drill. The Boys at Kamehameha Schools for Boys were enjoying breakfast when they heard the gunfire. Some raced to the dormitory roofs for a view of black smoke pouring from the navy base. The girls were hysterical but contained in a dormitory basement for safety. Since Kamehameha School for Boys was an honors military academy, they viewed the bombardment with interest. U.S. anti-aircraft returned fire and shell casings fell on the lower campus fields but one damaged some of a wall near the tennis courts. Hindsight and critical reading of primary source documents including that of the Japanese, led the present Archivist and Assistant Archivist to conclude that the Japanese navy were intent on destroying only the Pacific naval fleet especially its aircraft carriers and not the civilian

population. No land invasion took place. The hysterical internment of West Coast Japanese-Americans was unnecessary setting a precedent with long-term unintended consequences for the nation.

Students from the high school classes of 1942-1945 remember only wartime. As an independent school, Kamehameha Schools had its own hospital with doctor and nurses. Students were sent home and the campus initially housed the families of Pearl Harbor military personnel. Later, the hospital and Girls School campus became a maternity ward. Class of about 30 or 40 students shared spaces. Many of the Boys went to war.

1941 Maui News newspapers illustrate media bias and the availability of information. The radio and the newspaper were the only sources of mass information at the time. Some propaganda and creative facts are expected during the wartime push for popular support by the government. While the media tells only part of the story, every person alive during that time has their story to contribute.

List of Newspaper Pages

Date	Page	Headline
12.07.1941	1	Extra / Japanese carrier sunk
	2	Governor's proclamation
	3	No immediate danger
	4	Blackout tonight all night
12.08.1941	1	3rd extra / Hawaii under martial rule/ Congress to vote/ FDR asks for war
	2	Governor's proclamation
	3	No immediate danger
	4	Blackout tonight all night
12.08.1941	1	4th extra / U.S. votes war
	2	Hawaii under martial rule
	3	No immediate danger
	4	Blackout tonight all night
12.10.1941	1	5th war extra- "We will win" – FDR / P.I. battle WON
	2	Short orders all firearms seized
12.10.1941	1	Home edition – Schools open today / War bill \$150-B
	2	All 'Americas' join in fight
	3	General Short is military governor of the Territory
	4	Sports on Maui postponed indefinitely
	5	U-U teams are listed / It can't happen now / Christmas Seals / Air Raid instructions
	6	Mauians stranded on Oahu during attack
	7	Len Wai still alive, living in Macau, China / Enlistments in services jump after attack / Tad Ikeoka gives example of "cool head-main thing"
	8	Editorials
12.13.1941	1	7 th war extra – GUAM taken
	2	Sub sinks 4000 NIPS
	1	Home Edition - Story of Oahu air fight
	2	These lads carry the news
	3	Maui on food, fuel rations
	4	Editorials
12.13.1941	5	Red Cross at Work / Governor's proclamation
	6	Minnesota U. athletes rank in professions / Change in cage rules are listed etc.
	7	Girl Scout orders set / Sunken Japanese ship / Army nines may play M. L. clubs
	8	Japanese attempt pincer movement in Philippines / Red Cross speeds work
12.14.1941	1	8 th war extra – Sampan seized
	2	Maui on food, gas rations Monday
12.16.1941	1	10 war extra – U.S. subs strike!
	2	"Moving Day" plans are issued
12.17.1941	1	Home edition – Damage slight no injuries sub shells Kahalui!
	2	Civilians warned to obey orders / Memory lane of Maui sportdom...
	3	FDR says U.S. fights for rights / Message delivered by Togo to grow as

		battle raged...
	4	Editorials
	5	Governor provides licenses...
	6	U.S. losses in Sunday attack are listed by Knox...
	7	Military instructions given civilians
	8	War briefs...
12.18.1941	1	11 th war extra – Kimmel and Short relieved of duties...
	2	Commander speaks on radio Wednesday night...
12.20.1941	2	12 th war extra – Down four Nip planes...
12.20.1941	1	Home edition – In Libya-Russia AXIS routed!
	2	Panzers in Libya lose...
	3	Towns burned in Nazi retreat on war front...
	4	Maui church notes...
	5	Secretary flays infamy of Japan at Pearl Harbor...
	6	Editorials
12.20.1941	1	12 th war extra – U.S. wins China battle...
12.22.1941	1	13 th war extra – 30 survivors land on Maui's coast...
	2	90,000 Nips strike P.I., King asks TH price administrator!
12.24.1941	1	Home edition – Three transports sunk! Philippines Hold!
	2	U.S. British...
	3	Capt. Matthiesen...
	4	Bulletin No. 1 Fire and Air raid warden Maui major disaster council...
	5	F. Pestana dies, rites held Tuesday...
	6	Editorials
12.24.1941	1	Second section – Grim story of sea told by Captain Matthiesen Master of Japanese sub's victim
	2	Nip subs attack near S.F.
	3	Seasons' greetings
	4	Friendly aliens may use fish nets...
	5	P.H. heroism told
	6	Hitler now playing lead role

SECOND WAR EXTRA

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JAPANESE CARRIER SUNK!

PEARL HARBOR - HICKAM BOMBED

ENEMY PLANES BOMB PHILIPPINES

"REMAIN CALM"-- COL. LYMAN

MAUI NEWS



FIRST YEAR—No. 5602

MAUI NEWS, SUNDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1941

PRICE FIVE CENTS

Hundreds Injured

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Japanese troops have been reported to have surrounded the International Settlement in Shanghai. The Japanese commander informed Settlement officials that a state of war existed. Costa Rica today officially declared war on Japan.

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Mayor Fernald H. Lutzgarda today ordered all Japanese nationals in New York City to remain in their homes until their status is determined by the Federal government.

LYMAN ASKS

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The following warning or bulletin was issued to the residents of Maui at 40:55 a.m. Sunday morning by Col. Charles B. Lyman, Maui District commander of the Army:

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A Squadron of dive-bombers, tentatively identified as belonging to Japan attacked Pearl Harbor, Hickam and Wheeler Fields and Ford Island shortly after 8 a.m. Sunday morning. The Island of Oahu was immediately mobilized by radio announcements which began over Honolulu stations at 8:30 a.m.

Governor Joseph Poindexter Sunday morning appointed Louis H. Herschler as coordinator of civilian defense in the county of Maui under the provisions of the civilian defense act.

Mr. Herschler is thus virtually dictator of all civilian activities and property, although he receives orders from Col. Charles B. Lyman, U.S. army commander of the Maui Military district.

Roosevelt To Message Congress

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It was revealed also that a large Japanese force landed on the Thailand peninsula near the border of the Federated Malay States.

The Anzac Clipper landed safely at Oahu at the time the attack was going on.

A state of emergency was declared in the San Francisco Bay area as all army and navy personnel were called to duty.

Radio Reports from San Francisco said that casualties at Pearl Harbor totaled 350 killed and wounded.

PARACHUTISTS REPORT

Unconfirmed reports from Honolulu at 2:30 p.m. said that parachutes in blue uniforms had landed near Kalaheo. It was also reported that bombs had landed near C. Brewer Dr. on First Street. These reports were unofficial and unconfirmed.

MAUI MOBILIZED

All major disaster council volunteers on Oahu were called to service coincident with the emergency declaration.

Air traffic between the islands was halted immediately.

Residents of Maui were startled and there was considerable doubt as to the authenticity of the reports coming in over the radio, but the first official news broadcast by the army asserted that it is not a test mobilization and that Oahu is actually under attack.

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BULLETIN

PROCLAMATION ON FOOD DISTRIBUTION

The current emergency will seriously affect the distribution of food so far as the supply for all civilians is concerned. It is therefore requested that some people may not be able to obtain food even though there is enough to go around. The food supply for the most part is in the hands of the food stores.

There may be a rush of buying on Monday morning December 8, 1941 with the accumulation of food by the people who first panic the stores. To prevent this each store manager should continue his sales to individual buyers to a reasonable amount approximating that buyers normal requirements. The determination of normal requirements will be based on the past experience of the store with each customer and will be the manager's responsibility. The management will be held accountable for any improper distribution. There is enough food to go around if hoarding is prevented and we can postpone the use of ration cards if the sale of food is voluntarily controlled by the stores and the public will make its purchases on a common sense basis.

OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

1. Public Assembly
In order to minimize the possibility of civilian casualties if an air raid comes the public is herewith warned to avoid public assemblies.

a. The Punahoa-Baldwin High School football game scheduled at Kalaheo 2:30 p.m. December 7 is hereby indefinitely postponed.

b. There will be no night performances in the movies houses until further notice. This is in accordance with the blackout program.

c. Schools will be open as usual on Monday morning unless you are advised otherwise by your principals.

GOVERNOR'S PROCLAMATION!

WAR TIME-TABLE

10:25—Governor Poindexter declared a state of emergency exists throughout the Territory.
 10:25—Pearl Harbor defense workers advised to stay home today and not report for work.
 10:26—Theo. H. Davies and American Factors trucks, motorcycles and trucks and drivers ordered to report to Dr. French immediately at the Honolulu Armory.
 10:31—All ambulance crews ordered to report to the National guard armory at once.
 10:33—All cars ordered off the street, park them on the lawns if necessary. People on Oahu are advised to refrain from using their telephones.
 10:35—Army Engineer Corps wants all employees who handle hardware and medical supplies to report to their jobs at once.
 10:38—Announcement from Emergency Medical Corps. Following Doctors: Dr. T. H. Ritcher, Dr. Walter Chung, Dr. Sam Yee, Dr. Henry Akino, Dr. Frank Spencer, Dr. Raymond King, Dr. W. Winter, Dr. H. B. Bowles, Dr. K. Miyamoto, Dr. R. L. Hill, Dr. Gardner Black, Dr. Wilfred Ohta, Dr. King C. Chock, Dr. Y. P. Chang, Dr. E. Mitchell, Dr. Y. C. Yang, Dr. Brown, Dr. M. Stephens, Dr. S. C. Culpepper, Dr. Wah Chang, Dr. Barney Iwanaga, Dr. John Deverill, Dr. R. K. Yueno, Dr. R. Yamane, Dr. M. Gordon, Dr. P. Wilson, Dr. R. B. Cloward, Dr. Fujihi, Dr. John Cooper, Dr. Depth order to report to Tripler Genral Hospital to take care of wounded cases.
 10:40—Truck to leave Pier 5 to pick up all naval ammunition depot workers at 11 a.m. and will pick up workers enroute to depot.
 11:38—All Navy Yard report to the Oahu railway station immediately for entrainment to Pearl Harbor; women not included. Young Bros. employees ordered to report to work at the docks. American Legion members report to the Honolulu Post No. 1, Clubhouse.
 11:39—All Inter-Island sailings and plane flights have been cancelled.
 11:40—All senior ROTC report to the University of Hawaii campus for your equipment.
 11:41—All Ready-Mix Concrete employees except women advised to report to their regular posts immediately.
 11:41—Attention all Islands. Prepare for a black-out tonight. Darken all lights; there will be a black-out tonight. All lights including signs.
 11:42—Any radio operator with a portable radio set, either AC or DC, in the vicinity of Waianae, report to the Waianae radio station immediately.
 11:42—All linemen of the Hawaiian Electric Co. are to report for work immediately.
 11:46—Translation given in Puerto Ricans for all residents of the Territory in Puerto Rican ancestry.
 11:46—All language programs except emergency bulletins will be off the air.
 11:51—The army has ordered us off the air temporarily.
 11:55—Over KGU Governor Poindexter read his emergency order.

Confirmation of Defense Period; Under and by virtue of the powers vested in me by Act 24 of the Special Session Laws of Hawaii 1941 and particularly Section 5 thereof and under and by virtue of all other powers in me vested by law I, J. B. Poindexter, Governor of the Territory of Hawaii, do hereby find that a state of affairs exists arising out of an attack upon the Territory of Hawaii and that all of the circumstances make it advisable to protect the Territory of Hawaii and its inhabitants as provided in and by said Act 24 of the Special Laws 1941 and all other laws relating thereto and by reason of the foregoing:

I do declare and proclaim a defense period to exist throughout the Territory of Hawaii. This proclamation shall take effect upon promulgation thereof by official announcement by me by means of radio broadcast which I do further declare to have taken place at 10 o'clock A.M. on the date hereof.

**Done at Honolulu, T. H., the 7th day of December, 1941.
 J. B. POINDEXTER,
 Governor, Territory of Hawaii**

PROCLAMATION

Hawaii Defense Act Rule 1, Suspending Act 7 Session Laws 1939 and Act 80 Session Laws of 1941.

Under and by virtue of the powers vested in me by Act 24 of the Special Session Laws of 1941 and particularly Section 13 thereof and by virtue of all other powers in me vested by law, I, J. B. Poindexter, Governor of the Territory of Hawaii do hereby suspend Act 7 of the Session Laws 1939 and Act 80 of the Session Laws 1941 as to any rules and regulations prescribed by me under said Act 24 of the Special Session Laws, 1941.

This rule shall take effect immediately upon proclamation thereof by means of radio broadcast and posting as in and by Section 18 of said Act provided.

Done at Iolani Palace, Honolulu, T. H. this 7th day of December 1941.

J. B. POINDEXTER,

Governor of the Territory of Hawaii.

Hawaii Defense Act Rule 2, Providing for Office of Territorial Director of Civilian Defense.

Under and by virtue of the powers vested in me by Act 24 of the Special Session Laws 1941 and by virtue of all other powers in me vested by law, I, J. B. Poindexter, Governor of the Territory of Hawaii do hereby create the office of Territorial Director of Civilian Defense and do hereby appoint E. Duty to said office. Said Territorial Director of Civilian Defense is hereby vested with authority to exercise all of the powers and duties which by virtue of said Act 24 of the Special Session Laws of Hawaii 1941 may be delegated by the Governor including the power to further delegate such powers and duties to make orders for the enforcement of said act, and rules and regulations issued thereunder; to make administrative findings and to apply or provide for the application of such rules and regulations as the circumstances may require;

This rule shall take effect immediately upon proclamation thereof by means of radio broadcast and posting as in and by said Section 18 of said Act provided.

Done at Iolani Palace, Honolulu, T. H. this 7th day of December 1941.

J. B. POINDEXTER,

Governor, Territory of Hawaii.

SITUATION "UNDER CONTROL"

All defense workers, provisional police and emergency corps members in Honolulu were mobilized immediately and civilians were ordered off the streets by Lieut.-General Walter C. Short, commanding the Hawaiian Department.

The population was advised to remain indoors and to avoid hysteria. The situation was reported at 9:15 a.m. to be under control although a renewal of the attack was predicted.

Pearl Harbor is under enemy air attack and the "rising sun" has been sighted on the wing tips of the planes.

Governor J. B. Poindexter today declared a Territory-wide emergency under the terms of the Defense Act at 10:15 a.m.

Civilians were warned by the army intelligence service to stay off the streets of Oahu and not to use the telephone.

This information was broadcast this morning via the two Honolulu radio stations.

It was learned authoritatively that probably three planes had been brought down by anti-aircraft fire.

Inter-Island Steam Navigation company announced at 11:12 a.m. that all sailings to and from Hilo have been cancelled.

Lyman Asks All To Keep Watch For Enemy Aircraft

Maui District headquarters under command of Colonel Charles B. Lyman immediately issued orders for complete mobilization of the armed forces on this Island and the move was effected within minutes after Colonel Lyman's first order.

Provisional police under Louis Herschler were ordered mobilized for the purpose of observing surface and undersurface vessels along the coast-line and to assume patrol duties in their respective districts.

Colonel Lyman was in constant communication with headquarters, Fort Shafter, but little information was forthcoming during the early hours of the attack.

Colonel Lyman declared that Maui would remain on the alert, but that until further notice, the population here should continue its regular pursuits without interruption.

He advised sponsors of the Punahou-Baldwin game that the contest could be played Sunday at 2:30 p.m. unless conditions changed meanwhile. Plans at 11 a.m. were to play the game as a means of diverting the minds of the people and to prevent hysteria. However, if conditions change, the game will be cancelled.

"THERE IS NOTHING THIS OFFICE CAN SAY AT THIS TIME EXCEPT TO URGE THE CIVILIAN POPULATION TO REMAIN CALM, AVOID HYSTERIA AND TO CONTINUE THEIR PURSUITS AS USUAL," Colonel Lyman said at 10 a.m.
 "WE ASK ALL CIVILIANS TO KEEP ON THE ALERT AND TO REPORT ANY SUSPICIOUS OCCURRENCES TO THE WAILUKU ARMORY. WHATEVER YOU SEE OR HEAR OF A SUSPICIOUS NATURE SHOULD BE REPORTED."

An eyewitness account of the air attack given to the Maui News asserted that "a large group of planes flew in very low off the water and the Rising Sun was identified on the wings. A great deal of damage was done. Many were injured and several killed. The aircraft hangars at the navy base were set afire, and the attack was concentrated on Hickam Field. The dive bombing attack was centered on Hickam."

Word came through from Honolulu that an enemy plane had penetrated the Honolulu defenses and dive bombed near Iolani Palace, dropping at least one bomb.

Another attack was reported underway at 11:30 a.m. Sunday although just what the objective could not be determined and was not announced.

County Chairman Al. S. Spenser declared a state of emergency in Maui County at 11:50 a.m. after the Maui County Major Disaster Council was called to order at 11:49 a.m.

Maui County police officers were immediately mobilized by Chief of Police George Larsen Jr. and were assigned to patrol all roads and to act as air wardens temporarily. They were assigned to many outlying districts, stationed on vantage points so they can detect any suspicious surface craft or air craft.

Boy Scouts were called to duty by Scout Executive Harold Stein for use as couriers or other defense activities.

Unconfirmed reports transmitted to The Maui News by the United Press at 9 a.m. said that one person had been killed in the first attack and at least one attacking plane had been shot down.

Later reports said that three enemy planes had been brought down by anti-aircraft and defending plane fire.

At the time the first United Press report was given to The Maui News, the sound of anti-aircraft guns could be plainly heard over the radio-telephone.

NO

IMMEDIATE

DANGER

BLACKOUT

TONIGHT

ALL NIGHT

THIRD WAR EXTRA

AIR RAID INSTRUCTIONS

AIR RAID SIGNAL: two one-minute blasts of mill whistles, one minute apart.

ALL CLEAR: two three-second blasts at one-half minute intervals, repeated for three minutes.

REMEMBER that the long blasts mean an air raid, and the short ones all clear.

HAWAII UNDER MARTIAL RULE

Congress To Vote

FDR ASKS WAR!

MAUI NEWS

41ST YEAR—No. 5992 MAUI NEWS, MONDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1941 PRICE FIVE CENTS

SAYS DEC. 7 WILL 'LIVE IN INFAMY'

MAUI SPENDS NIGHT IN DARKNESS, HONOLULU REMAINS AT EASE

Maui spent a night in total darkness and solemn quiet Sunday. In the midst of the sudden attack on Oahu and the constant threat to this Island, the population remained calm and orderly, apparently confident in the ability of the armed forces of the United States to repel the invaders.

Although blackout warnings were sounded throughout the day and war extras published by The Maui News notified the populace of the order, the precautions were hardly necessary. Scarcely a light came on in the twilight hours and by nightfall Maui was thoroughly and completely in utter darkness. Maui's blackout was voluntarily carried out without a single willful violation, according to police reports.

Until further notice the public is asked to maintain a blackout each night. Assistant Chief of Police Lane advised the people to arrange in their homes at least one room that is totally blacked out so that life may be carried on in normal light. This can be done by thoroughly sealing windows and doors, he said.

ATTACK RENEWED

While peace remained over Maui, Oahu remained under constant siege throughout the night and, while news was strictly censored it was learned that there were several attacks during the night.

Radiophone calls to Honolulu were permitted on an emergency basis and The Maui News was granted priority but after 11:30 a.m. Sunday the navy clamped down on news and notified all correspondents that no further discussion of war events would be permitted.

During a conversation late last night with Honolulu, this terse statement did get past the censor:

"We are catching hell again down here." It was indicated that reference was made to a night bombing attack directed primarily at Pearl Harbor.

DEAD TOTAL 1,500

FROM WASHINGTON CAME A SEMI-OFFICIAL REPORT THAT OAHU'S DEAD HAD TOTALLED IN EXCESS OF 1,500 DURING THE SUNDAY BOMBINGS AND THAT THE INJURED RAN INTO SEVERAL THOUSANDS WITH ALL HOSPITALS OCCUPIED AND EMERGENCY FIELD HOSPITALS BEING ERECTED IN ALL

(Continued on Page Two)

New Instructions For Civilians Are Issued By Disaster Council

An additional series of instructions to the civilian population was issued this morning by Maui district headquarters and Louis H. Herschler, coordinator of the Maui County Major Disaster Council.

All individuals were warned to boil their drinking water, as a safety precaution, although as yet there is no reason to believe that water sources have been contaminated.

This instruction is in accordance with practices being followed in Honolulu.

All residents were warned to be alert for strange ocean craft of any description, either surface ships or submarines.

They were also warned to be on the lookout for airplanes, and to note especially the direction of flight, approximate height, and the number, also to watch for possible parachute troops.

Anyone noting any of the above should immediately telephone their area headquarters or police headquarters at the following numbers: Wailuku — 969 or 3695; Kahului — 5482; Puunene — 5695; Honolua — 3122; Lahaina — 2692; Paia — 2-W-741; Haiku — 2-W-512; Kula — 313; Hana — 4-W-1011.

All schools were closed, and large public assemblies were forbidden by district military headquarters.

The following are the air raid warnings which will be in force henceforth, it was announced by Louis H. Herschler, disaster council coordinator:

For an air raid: two one-minute blasts of mill whistles, one minute apart.

For all clear: two three-second blasts at one-half minute intervals, repeated for 3 minutes.

It was emphasized that any long whistle blasts mean the approach of an air raid, and short blasts mean an all clear.

Rotary Club To Meet

The regular weekly meeting of the Maui Rotary Club will be held as usual Wednesday at the Maui Grand Hotel. Permit to hold the noon luncheon has been issued by Acting Provost Marshall Larsen. No meetings will be permitted at night.

General Short Now Military Governor Of The Territory

Lieut.-General Walter C. Short has been designated as military governor of Hawaii and the Territory has been under martial law since Sunday night, Colonel Charles B. Lyman, commanding Maui district, announced this morning.

Colonel Lyman is in full command of the Maui district, which includes Molokai and Lanai and has appointed Chief George F. Larsen Jr., as acting provost marshal.

"In martial law there is nothing to alarm the good citizens," Colonel Lyman said in announcing the military setup. "It is the strong arm of the military interposed between him and anarchy and between his home and the horrors of invasion. Success demands the united exertions of the entire Territory, and the direction by a single hand of all defensive means available. Nothing will be omitted which will contribute to this success."

The following orders have been issued by Colonel Lyman for the conduct of life in the Maui district during the duration of the war:

1. All schools closed until further notice, notice. Public schools may be opened at an early date, but all foreign language schools

(Continued on Page Two)

MEN CALLED BACK TO SERVICE

All men from the 298th and 299th Infantry recently released from service for whatever reason, were ordered to report for duty at the Wailuku army immediately, it was announced officially Monday morning.

Hospital Aides Needed

Miss Roberta Lindberg, director of the National Youth Administration's hospital attendants course, requested that as many girls as possible report for training because of the national emergency.

Miss Lindberg emphasized that with the beginning of hostilities there is now more need than ever for attendants to take care of the sick and injured.

Those who wish to take this training are urged to report immediately to Miss Lindberg at the Alexander House Community Association office.

Maui Has First War Refugees—Pun Team

Maui has the first refugees from the war with Japan. The Punahoa football team, scheduled to play Baldwin High school Sunday afternoon, was stranded on the Valley Island when all inter-island transportation was halted by the aerial attack on Oahu. The game was called off because of the emergency, but it was expected that it will be played later. How they were to return to Oahu was undetermined pending the clarification of the military situation. Until there is some definite change the boys will remain on Maui at the Valley Island when all inter-island guests in the homes of Punahoa at present and friends. Stranded with the team was President Shepard, head of the school, who was attempting to get back to Oahu to assume his post in the Major Disaster Council setup.

In eight and one-half tense minutes, President Roosevelt this morning reviewed the cataclysmic events of the past 24 hours and demanded that congress forthwith declare that a state of war has existed between the United and the Japanese empire since Sunday, December 7, 1941.

congress that filled the house with congressmen, senators and a distinguished gathering of guests to the outside corridors who gathered to hear his momentous address. He received an ovation that surpassed any that has greeted him on his past public appearances. Several times during his history-making address, he was interrupted by spontaneous applause.

Briefly the President reviewed the events of Sunday and the early hours of Monday morning, then abruptly he ended his speech with the solemn request: "ASKS 'STATE OF WAR'"

"I therefore ask congress to declare that, since the unprovoked attack by Japan on Sunday, December 7, 1941, a state of war has existed between the United States of America and the Japanese Empire." That congress would act speedily was indicated by the thunderous applause which followed the dramatic request.

President Roosevelt entered the house chamber at 6:58 1/2, Hawaiian standard time amid a tremendous burst of applause. One minute later he was introduced by Speaker Sam Rayburn who solemnly said: "I have the distinct honor in presenting the President of the United States." The President immediately began his address which lasted only eight and one-half minutes.

"December 7, 1941, is a date which will live in infamy," the president declared in the opening phrases of his speech to congress.

He pointed out that one hour after the attack on U.S. territory the Japanese ambassador delivered a note in which he said that continuation of the talks would be unavailing, but did not mention any possible hostilities.

The scale of the attack and its suddenness, he said, indicated that it had "been planned many days or even weeks ago."

The president charged that the Japanese deliberately sought to deceive the United States by carrying on negotiations while planning to attack U.S. territory.

MANY LIVES LOST

In short sentences, Mr. Roosevelt revealed that many lives have been lost on Oahu, that the Japanese have attacked Malaya, Hongkong, the Philippines, Wake, Oahu, and Midway Island, the latter this morning. He revealed also that a ship had been torpedoed between Honolulu and San Francisco.

"The facts of yesterday and today speak for themselves," he said.

"Japan has undertaken a surprise offensive extending throughout the entire Pacific area.

"We must remember the character of the armed force against us. No matter how long it may take to overcome this premeditated invasion, the American people will emerge into complete victory."

Interrupted by applause, the President continued: "I believe I express the will of the congress and the people of the United States of America when I say that we will not only defend ourselves to the utmost but will make certain that this form of treachery will never threaten us again."

"The American people in their righteous might will win through to absolute victory.

"Since hostilities exist, our people, our territory,

(Continued on Page Two)

GOVERNOR'S PROCLAMATION!

Confirmation of Defense Period; Under and by virtue of the powers vested in me by Act 24 of the Special Session Laws of Hawaii 1941 and particularly Section 5 thereof and under and by virtue of all other powers in me vested by law I, J. B. Poindexter, Governor of the Territory of Hawaii, do hereby find that a state of affairs exists arising out of an attack upon the Territory of Hawaii and that all of the circumstances make it advisable to protect the Territory of Hawaii and its inhabitants as provided in and by said Act 24 of the Special Laws 1941 and all other laws relating thereto and by reason of the foregoing:

I do declare and proclaim a defense period to exist throughout the Territory of Hawaii. This proclamation shall take effect upon promulgation thereof by official announcement by me by means of radio broadcast which I do further declare to have taken place at 10 o'clock A.M. on the date hereof.

Done at Honolulu, T. H., the 7th day of December, 1941.

J. B. POINDEXTER,
Governor, Territory of Hawaii

PROCLAMATION

Hawaii Defense Act Rule 1. Suspending Act 7 Session Laws 1939 and Act 80 Session Laws of 1941.

Under and by virtue of the powers vested in me by Act 24 of the Special Session Laws of 1941 and particularly Section 13 thereof and by virtue of all other powers in me vested by Law I, J. B. Poindexter, Governor of the Territory of Hawaii do hereby suspend Act 7 of the Session Laws 1939 and Act 80 of the Session Laws 1941 as to any rules and regulations prescribed by me under said Act 24 of the Special Session Laws 1941:

This rule shall take effect immediately upon proclamation thereof by means of radio broadcast and posting as in and by Section 18 of said Act provided.

Done at Iolani Palace, Honolulu, T. H. this 7th day of December 1941.

J. B. POINDEXTER,

Governor of the Territory of Hawaii,
Hawaii Defense Act Rule 2. Providing for Office of Territorial Director of Civilian Defense.

Under and by virtue of the powers vested in me by Act 24 of the Special Session Laws 1941 and by virtue of all other powers in me vested by law, I, J. B. Poindexter, Governor of the Territory of Hawaii do hereby create the office of Territorial Director of Civilian Defense and do hereby appoint E. Doty to said office. Said Territorial Director of Civilian Defense is hereby vested with authority to exercise all of the powers and duties which by virtue of said Act 24 of the Special Session Laws of Hawaii 1941 may be delegated by the Governor including the power to further delegate such powers and duties to make orders for the enforcement of said act, and rules and regulations issued thereunder; to make administrative findings and to apply or provide for the application of such rules and regulations as the circumstances may require;

This rule shall take effect immediately upon proclamation thereof by means of radio broadcast and posting as in and by said Section 18 of said Act provided.

Done at Iolani Palace, Honolulu, T. H. this 7th day of December 1941.

J. B. POINDEXTER,

Governor, Territory of Hawaii,

Oahu Swings Quickly Into Action Following Japan's Blitz Attack

The confused pattern of Japan's lightning like attack upon Oahu early Sunday morning is reflected in the two war extras issued during the day by the Maui News.

Dispatches and rumors came into the office so fast that it was difficult to separate the "wheat from the chaff" in determining what was happening at the Pacific stronghold 90 miles away. Communication with Oahu was jammed, and when The Maui News was able to contact its United Press representative telephone censors refused to allow any discussion of the news after 11:30 a.m.

It became apparent as the day wore on that the first attack struck at Hickam and Wheeler fields and at Pearl Harbor at about 8:10 a.m., lasting slightly more than an hour. Another attack was reported later in the morning, but was never confirmed.

The timetable of the war published by the Maui News demonstrates how swiftly the civilian populace of the Territory went into action to prepare for the worst, as well as the movements of army and navy authorities who called all available workers and armed forces back to their posts.

Heeding the instructions of Col. Charles B. Lyman, commander of the Maui Military District, the populace remained as calm as could be expected under the circumstances, with the lack of reliable information contributing to the general disquietude.

Maui's Major Disaster Council went into immediate action with what plans had been completed at the time the attack came. It became more apparent as time wore on that the action of the Territorial legislature in passing the much debated M-Day bill was too long delayed.

Legion Meet Postponed

The meeting of Maui Post No. 8, American Legion, set for Tuesday, Dec. 9, is indefinitely postponed, Commander W. F. Crockett announced. He urged that all members join the provisional police or other such emergency organization as may require their services.

All ROTC students over the age of 18 years are instructed to report to their nearest district headquarters,

closed indefinitely.

2. No public assemblies, either indoors or outdoors, may be held without permit of the Acting Provost Marshall Larsen, and no permits will be issued except for daylight hours only. Church and other religious meetings may be held without permit in daylight hours only, provided they are open to the public at all times, and held in their regularly established meeting places.

3. No communication by any means with the enemy will be tolerated.

4. Telephone communications are restricted to matters of urgent necessity only, and no conversations will be tolerated relative to discussion of the present military situation on Maui or elsewhere. All calls to be as brief as possible. Any person violating this rule will be subject to summary action, and possible removal of his telephone.

5. All radio transmitters, except authorized Army, Navy, and Police, and such persons acting under direct orders of official agencies, are ordered to remain silent, and all portable transmission apparatus is ordered delivered to the Acting Provost Marshall immediately.

6. All owners or keepers of carrier pigeons are to report to Chief Larsen the location and number of pigeons in their possession, and their use for carrying of any and all messages is forbidden.

7. All wholesale, retail, and dispensing liquor licenses are suspended, including light wines and beer.

8. All District and Circuit Courts will carry on as usual under the existing laws of

FDR ASKS WAR

(Continued from Page One)

our interests are in great danger, but we will gain the inevitable triumph, so help us God."
"I ask congress to declare that, since the unprovoked attack by Japan on Sunday, December 7, 1941, a state of war has existed between the United States and the Japanese Empire."

CANADA DECLARES WAR

The Dominion of Canada closely followed the republic of Costa Rica in a declaration of war against Japan.

Radio reports said that most of the Latin-American countries have sent in messages of cooperation. All United States borders were closed by the treasury department to Japanese nationals.

Statements by United States congressional leaders, both isolationist and interventionist, indicated that the declaration of war would be forthcoming immediately.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—President Roosevelt and his cabinet met in extraordinary session today to map the United States war program. Congressional leaders of both parties were asked to join the conference. First to arrive for the meeting was Secretary of Commerce Jesse H. Jones.

An attack on Hongkong by Japanese plane and naval units was announced by the Japanese radio, as well as attacks on the Malay peninsula. A small party was reported to have made a landing on a small island off Dutch Borneo.

Singapore was attacked early this morning by air, causing "light damage and a few civilian casualties," it was announced officially.

Maui Remains In Darkness

(Continued from Page One)

PARTS OF THE ISLAND.

Evacuation of civilians from the downtown, Waikiki and Kalihia areas was ordered during the night.

Another concentrated attack at Hickam and Fort Kamehameha shortly after daybreak but army radio reported that the invaders were beaten off by defending planes. It was not stated whether Hickam's badly damaged runways had been sufficiently repaired to permit take-offs and landings. The field was seriously damaged Sunday, including the destruction of several hangars and an oil depot.

TROOPSHIPS SUNK

From Washington also came news that the former President Harrison had been sunk in the Yangtze river and the former President Pierce had been stricken by bombers about 1,300 miles out of San Francisco en route to the Philippines with troops. President Roosevelt indicated that the latter report was true in his speech this morning.

Midway Island was attacked and presumably captured early Monday morning while Wake and Guam were reported to be under Japanese control.

All newspapers in the Territory were placed under strict navy censorship at 9 a.m. Monday morning.

Maui's Air Squadron On Daylight Patrol

Many people, organizations and firms cooperated with Maui's VJ-3 naval aviation squadron in rounding up their men when word was received at the Punahoa airport that the Japanese had attacked Pearl Harbor shortly after dawn yesterday morning.

To Mrs. Frank A. Hjort, wife of the Hawaii National Park ranger on Haleakala, Lt. Richard Burns, in command of VJ-3 during the absence of Lt. T. O. South, gave the assignment of proceeding six miles into the crater to locate a group of his men on a weekend trip. Mrs. Hjort carried out her assignment with dispatch.

Others singled out for thanks by Lt. Burns were the H.C.S. Co. Ltd. Assistant Manager Ward Walker in particular, the Maui Telephone System, Chief of Police George F. Larsen, Jr. and the entire Maui Police force, Salvation Army, Five Contractors, Inc. and manager Charles Kiesel, and Editor Ezra J. Crane and the Maui News staff.

An unidentified number of planes of VJ-3 were on patrol throughout Sunday, and after spending a night of darkness, took off again at 6 a.m. Monday morning.

Orders On Mail Issued

Col. Charles B. Lyman, commander of the Maui military district, today ordered that all mail shall carry the address of the sender.

In addition, it was ordered that private conveyances or transmission of letters is forbidden except within the city of origin. This order is interpreted to mean that mail, even on the island of Maui, intended for some destination outside the sender's home district, should be sent through the mails and not by any private carrier.

All postoffices are under control of the naval intelligence office.

the Territory of Hawaii and the County of Maui, until further notice.

9. Complete blackout until further orders. No movement of private vehicles at night, without permit of Acting Provost Marshall,

NO

IMMEDIATE

DANGER

BLACKOUT

TONIGHT

ALL NIGHT

4TH WAR EXTRA

AIR RAID INSTRUCTIONS

AIR RAID SIGNAL: two one-minute blasts of siren whistle, one minute apart.

ALL CLEAR: two three-second blasts at one-half minute intervals, repeated for three minutes.

REMEMBER that the long blasts mean an air raid, and the short ones all clear.

Persons in frame houses, if time permits, should go outside under cover such as trees, etc., and remain motionless. If on roads, they should take to cover in ditches, depressions or shadows. If in automobiles, they should stop and take cover.

If flares drop, persons should remain motionless and refrain from looking up as the face reflects light.

U.S. VOTES WAR!

CONGRESS DECISION 470 TO 1!

18 Countries Line Up With U. S. In Struggle

In less than one hour after President Roosevelt had issued his momentous message to congress in noon today, the house and senate joined in a vote for a declaration of war that fell short of unanimity by a single nay. The vote in the two houses was 470 to 1. And all the Americas, Great Britain, China and the Dutch East Indies joined their forces with the United States in the great war of the Pacific.

Britain's parliament, in fact, "beat the United States" to a formal vote by a few minutes after Prime Minister Churchill had appeared in person and demanded that the British house support his pledged word of a month ago that Britain would declare war on Japan within hours of an attack upon United States territory.

The South American republics were unanimous in their support of the United States, Argentina being the only country not having declared war at 4 p.m. today. The latter's ambassador to Washington, however, informed President Roosevelt that his country would abide by Article XV of the Havana agreement which constitutes a pledge of war aid in the event of an attack upon the Western Hemisphere. Argentina voted the Hawaii attack as an invasion of this hemisphere today.

ROUND UP NATIONALS

Central American nations likewise joined the United States in an active participation in the war and immediately started a roundup of all totalitarian nationals.

Cuba moved to permit its congress to vote a war declaration Tuesday and Mexico, by special decree of the president of that country set Tuesday as the day for a formal declaration.

Meanwhile Mexico interned all nationals, handed the Japanese ambassador his passports and froze Japanese credits totalling \$30,000,000.

Most of the declarations in the American republics were enthusiastically adopted with full aid pledged to the United States and her allies including the use of all harbors, ports and airports.

In congress the senate immediately settled jdown to a rapid consideration of the Connally resolution declaring a state of war between the United States and Japan. Without debate and without speeches, the senators unanimously adopted the resolution by 82-0 and rushed it to the house.

In the house, brief, one-minute speeches preceded the formal vote with Minority Leader Joe Martin pledging his own and his party's full support of the nation's war president. Rep. Luther A. Johnson declared the attack to be a "dastardly act of treachery, characteristic of totalitarian powers."

Rep. Jeannette Rankin of Wyoming, only member of congress to cast a negative vote, vainly attempted to gain the floor during the brief one-sided debate but Speaker Sam Rayburn, turning his head deliberately away from her, refused to give her recognition. The vote quickly followed Johnson's final speech.

In the house the vote was 388 to 1.

Malulani Asks Aid

In order to relieve congestion at Malulani Hospital during an emergency, a call is made for volunteers to take care of one or more of the indigent aged men in their homes, temporarily or preferably permanently. 35 beds may be made available in this way. Volunteers phone Dr. R. J. McArthur at 958 or 9405.

In a hushed presidential chamber, with leaders of both parties surrounding him, President Roosevelt signed the bill and posed for newspaper photographers at 4:10 p.m., just four hours and ten minutes after Mr. Roosevelt had addressed the joint session.

THE WAR SITUATION

From Washington came official reports of the progress of the war after a silence of almost 12 hours.

In the opening phases of the Battle of the United States lost one out-moded battleship which capsized in Pearl Harbor after Japan's Sunday bombing attack and one destroyer which was blown up by dive bombers. Several smaller craft were disabled and put out of action and a relatively large number of defending planes were lost.

American casualties in the Hawaii attack were listed at 3,000 according to official reports to Washington, including 1,500 dead and 1,500 injured. These figures, while from official sources, are incomplete at this writing. A large percentage of the casualties on Oahu were army and navy personnel.

Admiral Stark, chief of operations, in a report to the secretary of the navy, declared that the United States navy is entirely "adequate" to meet the situation in the Pacific and said that it was growing stronger daily.

From the White House came a pronouncement that heavy reinforcements in planes and fighting equipment were being rushed to Hawaii to be thrown into the battle against the Japanese invaders.

Soviet Ambassador Maxim Litvinoff arrived in Washington Sunday and was immediately received by President Roosevelt, at which time he presented his credentials. After conferring for sometime with the president he told reports that of course the principal topic of conversation was the Japanese situation.

It was also announced officially in Washington that Manila had been subjected to a terrific bombardment.

The White House also announced that an undetermined number of Japanese submarines had been destroyed but could give no figures on Japan's losses in larger ships and aircraft. The navy department announced that the fight was proceeding on a wide area in the Pacific, including the waters and air surrounding Hawaii, Guam, Wake and the Philippines but could give no details as to the nature of the battle except to say that it was intense in all sectors.

From Honolulu came reports that repairs to damaged air fields and hangars were being rushed and that the defending planes would increase in numbers to day and tonight as a result of the refitting of the fields.

PRESIDENT CHARGES JAPAN

President Roosevelt authorized a statement on the situation charging that "Germany obviously pushed Japan into the war to end our lend-lease program. As usual the wish is father to the thought."

It was pointed out by the White House spokesman that Tokyo's news broadcasts over the past 24 hours, (Continued on Page Two)

MAUI NEWS

41ST YEAR—No. 5592 MAUI NEWS, MONDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1941 PRICE FIVE CENTS

Thailand Battle Still Indecisive, British And Dutch Retaliate

Conflicting reports on the situation involving Thailand were heard over the radio today. While Japan claimed the capitulation of Thai, Washington officially denied the report and stated that fighting was continuing throughout the country and along the borders. Japan's squeeze, however, created a serious situation there, Washington admitted.

While Japan gained the first victory in her blitz attack in the Far East, British and Dutch forces were beginning to regain an advantage in counter-offensives on land, in the air and at sea.

MARINES ARE ETAKEN

Believed to be the first American prisoners of war were approximately 200 United States Marines who were still stationed in China when Japan suddenly struck Sunday. They have been interned for the duration.

British RAF planes conducted an all-day bombing raid on Japanese transports off the Malay peninsula and sent at least three more to the bottom during the late hours of the day.

In the Singapore area the British were struggling to break the spearhead of the Japanese attack with fighting being described as "fierce."

British troops were subjected to a terrific bombardment 20 miles Northeast of Penang and the Japanese were reported to be attempting a landing in British North Borneo without success as yet. Japanese troopships were forced to retire by plane fire after a warm engagement, reports from Manila stated.

In that 82 were killed and 100 wounded when Japanese landed under cover of a heavy aerial bombardment.

British denied serious damage in the region of the power **HEAVY DAMAGE DENIED**

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In the African campaign the British claimed that one-third of the German forces had been destroyed or captured and that the situation was well in hand.

Only comment out of Berlin today was an admission that today, on the Eastern front could not be taken before the first of the year. Berlin made no comment on the Japanese declaration of war, nor on the Libyan situation.

General Short Now Military Governor Of The Territory

Lieut.-General Walter C. Short has been designated as military governor of Hawaii and the Territory has been under martial law since Sunday night, Colonel Charles B. Lyman, commanding Maui district, announced this morning.

Colonel Lyman is in full command of the Maui district, which includes Chief George F. Larsen Jr., as acting provost marshal.

"In martial law there is nothing to alarm the good citizens," Colonel Lyman said in announcing the military setup. "It is the strong arm of the military interposed between him and anarchy and between his home and the horrors of invasion. Success demands the united exertions of the entire Territory, and the direction by a single hand of all defensive means available. Nothing will be omitted which will contribute to this success."

The following orders have been issued by Colonel Lyman for the conduct of life in the Maui district during the duration of the war:

1. All schools closed until further notice. Public schools may be opened at an early date, but all foreign language schools closed indefinitely.
2. No public assemblies, either indoors or outdoors, may be held without permit of the Acting Provost Marshall Larsen, and no permits will be issued except for daylight hours only. Church and other religious meetings may be held without permit in daylight hours only, provided they are open to the public at all times, and held in their regularly established meeting places.
3. No communication by any means with the enemy will be tolerated.
4. Telephone communications are restricted to matters of urgent necessity only, and no conversations will be tolerated relative to discussion of the present military situation on Maui or elsewhere. All calls to be as brief as possible. Any person violating this rule will be subject to summary action, and possible removal of his telephone.
5. All radio transmitters, except authorized Army, Navy, and Police, and such persons acting under direct orders of official agencies, are ordered to remain silent, and all portable transmission apparatus is ordered delivered to the Acting Provost Marshall immediately.
6. All owners or keepers of carrier pigeons are to report to Chief Larsen the location and number of pigeons in their possession, and

...EDITORIAL...

KEEP YOUR HEADS COOL AND YOUR FEET ON THE GROUND

For 24 hours the United States has been in a state of war with Japan, and today which means all Hawaii, has been in a state of siege. This far Maui and Molokai have come through the ordeal in admirable fashion. A state has prevailed throughout by many communities and the people have endeavored to carry on normal pursuits so far as this has been possible.

There is, however, a dark specter hovering ominously through the towns and villages of the Island against which all residents should be constantly alert.

This is Bacterium, sometimes innocent but often times malignant, premeditated, calculated to create painful hysteria.

Already we have had rumors in other many forms. Only a few days ago the air ran through the Island a so-called report that the Japanese had been seen at sea, another that Japanese planes had been spotted over Springfield, that personalities had been in Malakal.

Some of the reports have the distinct foundation of truth but all are to be treated by the authorities. (Continued on Page Two)

HAWAII UNDER MARTIAL RULE

...EDITORIAL...

(Continued from Page One)

It must be remembered by the population that totalitarian success in the past has been largely based upon panic created among the enemy which eventually led to rout and capitulation.

Japan is totalitarian and Japan is an apt mimic. The high command has taken a leaf from Hitler's book.

Let us take one from the unfortunate victims of Hitler's methods and keep the chin up, the head cool and the feet on the ground.

Mauians Stranded On Oahu During Attack

Basketball games, visits to new grandsons, an aloha trip to see a house guest leave for the Mainland, a "quick" trip to the Willamette football game and business are listed among reasons for several well-known Maui residents now being stranded off the Island.

The Punahou football team present "guests of Maui" have nothing on the Maui High School basketball team of 14 players, a manager and Coach Dee Shehtanian who left last week for Lanai for a series of three games. As far as can be learned the Silver Sabers are taking it easy with their hosts on the Pine Isle.

Harrison Foss, merchandise manager of the Maui Electric Co., Ltd. is among those awaiting transportation back to Maui. Foss went to Maui to see a house guest, Henry Carr, depart for the Mainland.

Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Elmore are also in Honolulu. Mr. Elmore, Wailuku District coordinator of the Provisional Police, went to Honolulu last week to see his new grandson, three-weeks old son of the Elmore's daughter and son-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. James H. Tabor for the first time. Mrs. Elmore has been in the Capital City for the past three weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray M. Allen of Wailuku are also among those awaiting transportation back to Maui so that Mr. Allen can get back to his duties as manager of Wailuku Sugar Company.

Harold Takihara, linotype operator at the Maui News, and robit football fan, decided to leave by plane Saturday morning for Honolulu to witness the Willamette-University of Hawaii grid clash. Yes, darnit, Harold's still stranded as us newspaper sloves work night and day.

Supply Orders Issued

Col. Charles B. Lyman, commander of the Maui military district, issued the following order today concerning the control of essential supplies. It is effective at once.

1. No food supplies sold by any dealer between 12:00 noon today and 12:00 noon tomorrow. All dealers to take immediate food inventory and submit report of same to Headquarters Maui District at earliest possible moment.

2. No drugs or medical supplies will be sold by any dealer except on a physician's prescription, until further notice.

3. No sale of gasoline to any passenger vehicle having more than one-half tank of gasoline. No sales of over 3 gallons to be allowed to any passenger vehicle without special permit from Police Department. All commercial trucks excepted from above.

4. Prohibiting the sale of the following until further notice:

a. Firearms.

b. Ammunition.

c. Any instrument, under heading of weapons.

d. Radio and radio supplies.

e. Dynamite and caps.

f. Insecticide, fungicide or any poison (fly sprays not included).

5. Any violation of the intent of the above orders will be summarily punished.

Legion Meet Postponed

The meeting of Mail Post No. 8, American Legion, set for Tuesday, Dec. 9, is indefinitely postponed. Commander W. F. Crockett announced. He urged that all members join the provisional police or other such emergency organization as may require their services.

All ROTC students over the age of 18 years are instructed to report to their nearest district headquarters.

Hospital Aides Needed

Miss Roberta Lindberg, director of the National Youth Administration's hospital attendants course, requested that as many girls as possible report for training because of the national emergency.

Miss Lindberg emphasized that with the beginning of hostilities there is now more need than ever for attendants to take care of the sick and injured.

Those who wish to take this training are urged to report immediately to Miss Lindberg at the Alexander House Community Association office.

MEN CALLED BACK TO SERVICE

All men from the 208th and 299th Infantry recently released from service for whatever reason, were ordered to report for duty at the Wailuku armory immediately, it was announced officially Monday morning.

Says Dec. 7 Will Live In Infamy

In eight and one-half tense minutes, President Roosevelt this morning reviewed the cataclysmic events of the past 24 hours and demanded that congress forthwith declare that a state of war has existed between the United and the Japanese empire since Sunday, December 7, 1941.

congress that filled the house with congressmen, senators and a distinguished gathering of guests to the outside corridors who gathered to hear his momentous address. He received an ovation that surpassed any that has greeted him on his past public appearances. Several time during his history-making address, he was interrupted by spontaneous applause.

Briefly the President reviewed the events of Sunday and the early hours of Monday morning, then abruptly he ended his speech with the solemn request:

ASKS "STATE OF WAR"

"I therefore ask congress to declare that, since the unprovoked attack by Japan on Sunday, December 7, 1941, a state of war has existed between the United States of America and the Japanese Empire."

That congress would act speedily was indicated by the thunderous applause which followed the dramatic request.

* President Roosevelt entered the house chamber at 6:58 1/2, Hawaiian standard time amid a tremendous burst of applause. One minute later he was introduced by Speaker Sam Rayburn who solemnly said: "I have the distinct honor in presenting the President of the United States." The President immediately began his address which lasted only eight and one-half minutes.

"December 7, 1941, is a date which will live in infamy," the president declared in the opening phrases of his speech to congress.

He pointed out that one hour after the attack on U.S. territory the Japanese ambassador delivered a note in which he said that continuation of the talks would be unavailing, but did not mention any possible hostilities.

The scale of the attack and its suddenness, he said, indicated that it had "been planned many days or even weeks ago."

The president charged that the Japanese deliberately sought to deceive the United States by carrying on negotiations while planning to attack U.S. territory.

MANY LIVES LOST

In short sentences, Mr. Roosevelt revealed that many lives have been lost on Oahu, that the Japanese have attacked Malaya, Hongkong, the Philippines, Wake, Oahu, and Midway Island, the latter this morning. He revealed also that a ship had been torpedoed between Honolulu and San Francisco.

"The facts of yesterday and today speak for themselves," he said.

"Japan has undertaken a surprise offensive extending throughout the entire Pacific area."

"We must remember the character of the armed force against us. No matter how long it may take to overcome this premeditated invasion, the American people will emerge into complete victory."

Interrupted by applause, the President continued: "I believe I express the will of the congress and the people of the United States of America when I say that we will not only defend ourselves to the utmost but will make certain that this form of treachery will never threaten us again."

"The American people in their righteous might will win through to absolute victory."

"Since hostilities exist, our people, our territory our interests are in great danger, but we will gain the inevitable triumph, so help us God."

"I ask congress to declare that, since the unprovoked attack by Japan on Sunday, December 7, 1941 a state of war has existed between the United States and the Japanese Empire."

Rotary Club To Meet

The regular weekly meeting of the Maui Rotary Club will be held as usual Wednesday at the Maui Grand Hotel. Permit to hold the noon luncheon has been issued by Acting Provost Marshall Larsen. No meetings will be permitted at night.

Short Now Governor

(Continued from Page One)

their use for carrying of any and all messages is forbidden.

7. All wholesale, retail, and dispensing liquor licenses are suspended, including light wines and beer.

8. All District and Circuit Courts will carry on as usual under the existing laws of the Territory of Hawaii and the County of Maui, until further notice.

9. Complete blackout until further orders. No movement of private vehicles at night without permit of Acting Provost Marshall.

MAUI SPENDS NIGHT IN DARKNESS, HONOLULU REMAINS AT EASE

(Continued from Page One)

18 Countries Line Up Against Nipponese

like those emanating from Berlin, were highly inaccurate and were pointed to the two-fold purpose of bolstering a faltering morale on the home front and to vainly attempt to break down our own morale. In both instances, it was declared, the plan would fail because it was founded on falsehoods.

In a news broadcast at noon today, an announcer, speaking in English with a distinct English accent, officially claimed that the United States fleet in the Pacific had suffered an "annihilating defeat" and that there remained only two capital ships and one carrier!

He further claimed that Hawaii was on the verge of capture and that other Pacific Islands were already under Japan's control "with the Rising Sun flying high over the land."

Later he declared that the United States had lost more than 60 planes in the first engagement while Japan had lost only two.

Subsequently, confirmed reports from the battle showed that virtually all of the 15 minute news broadcast from Tokyo was based on falsehoods.

ENLISTMENTS SOAR

Opposing the claim of Japan that Guam and Wake had fallen Washington offered an official denial and pointed to continued operations in these sectors as assurance that the United States still held control.

In England, hundreds of American pilots and mechanics serving with the RAF were clamoring for permits to transfer to their own air force and the American embassy in London was flooded with requests. Many of them, it was indicated, would be granted.

Simultaneously it was announced in Washington that navy enlistments Monday soared to a record high and that enlistment offices and federal buildings throughout the country were overwhelmed with applications for enlistment. This is in sharp contrast to reports a week ago that naval enlistments had fallen off and that conscription might be invoked to swell the navy's rolls.

During the day prior to President Roosevelt's epochal speech, the American leader and Prime Minister Churchill talked for a half hour by radiophone and apparently were in total agreement on war plans.

The British prime minister won the support of liberals, laborites and conservatives after he made his demand and even Hoare-Belisho, former war minister, a caustic critic of the government, congratulated Mr. Churchill for having units of the fleet in the Far East, ready for the Japanese emergency.

MILITARY FORCE JAPAN TO WAR

From Tokyo came the startling news that the declaration of war on the United States and Great Britain was not made by and with the consent of the imperial government but solely by the military and naval high commands!

On the domestic front, relief from the crippling effects of the nation-wide strikes was seen as labor leaders moved to end tieups and resume full-time production throughout the nation. In England, Churchill appealed to labor to speed up the tempo in order to increase aid-to-Russia which would naturally be impeded insofar as the United States is concerned for the next few months until the Pacific situation is under control.

From Manila came reassuring word from President Manuel Quezon who pledged the Commonwealth to full support of the United States war effort, including the armed forces and bases of his country.

Mrs. Weddick Buried

Funeral services for Mrs. Winifred Baldwin Weddick, 78, a maui resident were held at 3 p.m. Monday at Wailuku Union Church with the Rev. R. M. Reman officiating, following by burial at Iao Cemetery.

Mrs. Weddick died at Mahanui hospital early Sunday morning following an illness of nearly two weeks.

Full bearers for the funeral were George Steeds, Ralph Wilson, A. F. Tavares, Frank Crockett, Dr. R. J. McArthur, George N. Weicht. Mrs. Weddick is survived by one daughter Mrs. Winifred Morrison, now living in California.

PEDESTRIAN IS KILLED

Tokuhai Toyama, 62, was killed at 9:30 p.m. Friday when he was struck by an automobile driven by K. A. Heidegger of VAI on the airport highway.

He was taken to Punahou hospital by Tulin Kawamura. Toyama was said to have been walking in the same direction as Heidegger was driving, a car approaching from the opposite direction heading Heidegger.

Maui spent a night in total darkness and solemn quiet Sunday. In the midst of the sudden attack on Oahu and the constant threat to this Island, the population remained calm and orderly, apparently confident in the ability of the armed forces of the United States to repel the invaders.

Although blackout warnings were sounded throughout the day and war extras published by The Maui News notified the populace of the order, the precautions were hardly necessary. Scarcely a light came on in the twilight hours and by nightfall Maui was thoroughly and completely in utter darkness. Maui's blackout was voluntarily carried out without a single willful violation, according to police reports.

Until further notice the public is asked to maintain a blackout each night. Assistant Chief of Police Lane advised the people to arrange in their homes at least one room that is totally blacked out so that life may be carried on in normal light. This can be done by thoroughly sealing windows and doors, he said.

ATTACK RENEWED

While peace remained over Maui, Oahu remained under constant seige throughout the night and, while news was strictly censored it was learned that there were several attacks during the night.

Radiophone calls to Honolulu were permitted on an emergency basis and The Maui News was granted priority but after 11:30 a.m. Sunday the navy clamped down on news and notified all correspondents that no further discussion of war events would be permitted.

DEAD TOTAL 1,500

FROM WASHINGTON CAME A SEMI-OFFICIAL REPORT THAT OAHU'S DEAD HAD TOTALLED IN EXCESS OF 1,500 DURING THE SUNDAY BOMBINGS AND THAT THE INJURED RAN INTO SEVERAL THOUSANDS WITH ALL HOSPITALS OCCUPIED AND EMERGENCY FIELD HOSPITALS BEING ERECTED IN ALL PARTS OF THE ISLAND.

Evacuation of civilians from the downtown, Waikiki and Kalihi areas was ordered during the night.

Another concentrated attack at Hickam and Fort Kamehameha shortly after daybreak but army radio reported that the invaders were beaten off by defending planes. It was not stated whether Hickam's badly damaged runways had been sufficiently repaired to permit take-offs and landings. The field was seriously damaged Sunday, including the destruction of several hangars and an oil depot.

TROOPSHIPS SUNK

From Washington also came news that the former President Harrison had been sunk in the Yangtze river and the former President Pierce had been stricken by bombers about 1,300 miles out of San Francisco en route to the Philippines with troops. President Roosevelt indicated that the latter report was true in his speech this morning.

Midway Island was attacked and presumably captured early Monday morning while Wake and Guam were reported to be under Japanese control.

All newspapers in the Territory were placed under strict navy censorship at 9 a.m. Monday morning.

MOVIE SHOWINGS ARE SUSPENDED

Indefinite suspension of the showing of movies on Maui had been announced by the Maui Amusement Company. The company is complying with defense authorities in this move.

XMAS PARTY POSTPONED

The Japanese Civic Association's Christmas Party which was scheduled to be held at the Wailuku YBA Hall on December 13, has been postponed.

NO

IMMEDIATE

DANGER

BLACKOUT

TONIGHT

ALL NIGHT

5th WAR EXTRA

Teamwork, the likes of which Hawaii has never known before, must be produced by the residents of Maui County to make America's defense of these Islands successful. Colonel Charles B. Lyman said yesterday in asking for closer observance of blackout regulations henceforth. **THERE WILL BE BLACKOUT EVERY NIGHT.** Colonel Lyman also warned against rumors and the spreading of false reports, advising the public to keep tuned to the radio and to ignore rumors and alleged news reports from enemy sources.

"WE WILL WIN!" -F.D.R.

BATTLE WAGON

First War Communique Is Issued

General Short Asks Full Blackout Nightly

Hawaii's military governor broke a three-day silence at 2 p.m. Wednesday to commend their spirit under fire and to point out that all reports of enemy parachutists have proven false and that there have been no enemy landings on any of the Hawaiian Islands.

Speaking for Lt. Gen. Walter C. Short, commander of the Hawaiian department, Lt. Col. Kendall J. Fielder pointed out the need for continued cooperation and stressed the need for food and gasoline conservation. Not a drop of gasoline can be wasted, he urged.

Col. Fielder also stressed the need for more strict observance of blackout regulations, pointing out that complete blackouts must be continued.

Warning against over-zealous actions, Col. Fielder asserted that the constituted authority will deal with any attempts at sabotage or subversive activity which have so far been very few. He urged all citizens to be most careful before calling in reports to make certain of their information.

A number of enemy aliens have been arrested, he revealed, and most of them have been released. The department commander has no desire to establish mass concentration camps, he said.

He warned against the spread of unfounded rumors, pointing out that they are usually from enemy sources and tend to create the confusion that is desired by the enemy.

MUST TAKE COVER

During air raids, he urged that the first act of civilians should be to take cover, either in a house or trench or other shelter, pointing out that probably machine guns would be directed toward civilians with bombs directed against military objectives.

Col. Fielder was most emphatic in his warning not to be influenced by reports emanating from elsewhere, as it is likely to be propaganda.

He announced also that the islands of Wake, Guam and Midway are still in American hands, and pointed out that the Lurline had arrived safely at San Francisco, to contradict rumors that have been rampant throughout the islands.

Admiral Killed

Rear Admiral Isaac Kidd was killed during Sunday morning's air raid on Pearl Harbor. It was announced officially in Washington today.

Death of Admiral Kidd was the first known of any high ranking officer since hostilities began.

Admiral Kidd was born in Ohio and was 58 years old. He had 35 years of naval service.

Red Cross Asks For Volunteers

A request for a large number of Red Cross volunteer workers was issued today by Mrs. J. C. Fitzgerald, chairman of the Maui chapter, American Red Cross.

She said that individuals who can sew, knit, fold bandages and do other types of work are needed. She also issued a call for as many portable sewing machines, or sewing machine of any type, as can be provided to the Red Cross headquarters.

Anyone wishing to volunteer or who has equipment they can lend for this work should contact Mrs. Fitzgerald at 6850.

PRINCE OF WALES, AND REPULSE ARE DESTROYED!

MAUI NEWS

41ST YEAR—No. 5594 WAILUKU, MAUI, T. H. WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1941

President Stirs Country In First Message Of War Calls On Nation To Aid

AMID INTERRUPTIONS by an unidentified radio station that apparently attempted to jam the air and an air raid alarm in Honolulu which proved to be caused by a squadron of friendly planes off the coast of Oahu, Hawaii sat grimly by radio sets Tuesday afternoon and listened to her war President deliver his first summation of the war situation.

In a firm, grim voice, Mr. Roosevelt enunciated the principles upon which the World Allies are combatting the axis partners and in the same confidence that marks all of his addresses to the nation, the President declared:

"We are going to win this war and the peace that follows!"

In many parts of the Territory continued interference blasted the message off the air intermittently.

Relatives will be advised of the death of men in service (1) as soon as the fact can be confirmed, (2) as soon as authorities know that the release of the information will not be useful to the enemy, the President said.

He said that as yet even he did not have sufficient information to state the exact amount of damage done at Pearl Harbor, although admittedly it was serious.

WARNS AGAINST PROPAGANDA

Warning against axis propaganda, the president pointed to the Japanese claim that they had attained naval supremacy in the Pacific and charged that this was an old trick used to elicit military information from the enemy. He reminded the nation that it is often impossible for commanders of naval units to report their activities because of the danger of revealing information or their position to the enemy.

"If you believe that your government is not revealing enough information, you have every right to say so," he said, but warned that the spread of unconfirmed rumors would not be tolerated.

Recalling that it has been a year and a half since France fell, he said that "America has used that year and a half to great advantage. A steady stream of tanks and planes and guns and ships and equipment is what it has given us."

"It will not only be a long war," he warned, "it will be a hard war. That is the basis on which we lay all our plans."

TWO BROAD POLICIES

Two broad policies of action are in the process of formulation, he said. They are (1) speeding all production by working a seven-day week, and (2) rushing additions to plant capacity, constructions of new plants and the use of all small plants adaptable to defense production.

"I think that the country feels that the people responsible in each and every one of these fields is working in the closest cooperation," he said, speaking of the large group of defense officials and bureaus that have been established in Washington during the past year and a half.

Speaking of the soldiers and sailors of the nation, Roosevelt said "It is not a sacrifice for any man, old or young, to be in the armed service of the United States, rather it is a privilege."

"At the present time we should not have to curtail the use of normal articles of food, but there will be a shortage of metals for many kinds of civilian use."

"We will have to give up many things entirely."

"The people must be prepared in individual living to win this war."

"I am sure they will retain all those spiritual things without which we cannot win through."

ISOLATION ELIMINATED BY BANDITS

Referring to his address to congress in which he said the war was to make certain "that this form of treachery will never menace us again," the president said that "in order to achieve that certainty we must abandon once and for all the illusion that we can ever again isolate ourselves from the rest of humanity."

"There is not such a thing as impenetrable defense against aggressors that sneak up in the dark and strike without warning."

Pointing to the efficiency with which the attacks were carried out and the thoroughness of the planning, he charged that "it was a thoroughly dishonorable deed."

Maui's Commander



COLONEL CHARLES B. LYMAN, who commands Maui's defenses, military and civil, in the war against Japan.

Coordinator



LOUIS HERSCHLER, coordinator for Maui's major disaster council, who directs the work of the provisional police and their observation posts.

Provost Marshal



GEORGE F. LARSEN JR. who directs the activities of the regular police in the capacity of provost marshal. He works directly under orders from Colonel Lyman.

6 Enemy Transports Sunk Near Luzon; Lurline Reaches U.S.

American forces repulsed a mass land attempt between San Fernando and Vigan, Philippines.

Six Japanese troopships were destroyed in the engagement by American dive bombers.

HMS Prince of Wales, 35,000 ton battleship and HMS Repulse, battle cruiser, were sunk by nazi airmen flying Japanese planes off Malaya.

Manila and surrounding airfields subjected to terrific bombing but U. S. air defenses were holding their own during the battle.

Fires at Nichols field, and in Cavite were caused by Japanese bombers.

American labor resumes full-time production in all defense industries. Almost all strikes called off.

U. S. calls conference of all American republics to map war plans, early in January.

Nine of the Americas have already declared war.

French naval forces in Dakar stage pro-American, anti-nazi demonstration.

These are the highlights of the news today as officially released in Washington.

FIRST AMERICAN VICTORY

While the Americas waited grimly for news of the trend of the first days of the war in the Pacific, news flashed across the broad expanse from the Philippines of the first American victory when the army aircorps operating with the cooperation of naval air units, beat off and shattered a heavy Japanese landing force North of San Fernando between this post and Vigan.

Japanese landing parties met with disaster as dive bombers and fighting planes virtually annihilated the heavy force.

Six Japanese transports were either destroyed or put out of action during the engagement which took place about 200 miles North of Manila, according to an official report to the war department by Lieut.-General Douglas McArthur, commanding the Far Eastern district. The remainder of the fleet, a large sized body of escorts, was damaged, the report said.

Parachutists landed near Vigan to aid in the landing attempt but were captured or killed.

Japanese airplanes bombed Luzon heavily throughout the day and penetrated interior 100 miles to the summer capital. The fighting was ferocious during the sustained attack and many fires were seen at Cavite and the surrounding

(Continued on Page Two)

War Extras Abbreviated To Conserve Paper Supply

Owing to the uncertainty of the replacement of the newsprint supply during the emergency, The Maui News has taken steps to conserve the supply of paper now on hand. Henceforth war extras will be published as occasion demands but will appear in abbreviated form, two full pages of news, six columns in width. In order to keep the public informed, and cooperate with authorities in the issuance of orders, regulations and instructions, Maui News war extras will appear each afternoon at about 3 o'clock, with other issues appearing when justified by official news releases. Rumors, and unconfirmed reports will not be published. The regular editions of the paper on Wednesday and Saturday will appear as usual in regular full sized form.

Short Orders All Firearms Seized

Liquor Ban Modified By Col. Lyman, Wed.

Removal of the ban on the sale of liquor was announced in an order issued by Colonel Charles B. Lyman, commander of the Maui district, through the office of George F. Larsen Jr., chief of police who is now acting as provost marshal, Wednesday morning.

Effective immediately, licensed retail distributors of liquor will be allowed to sell one quart of wine, or one quart of sake, or two bottles of beer, to a customer. Sales may be made from opening hours to 4:30 p.m.

Restaurants will be allowed to serve two glasses of beer, or two glasses of wine, or two glasses of sake, to a customer. Liquor may be served with meals during daylight hours, but not after 4:30 p.m.

Lieutenant-General Walter C. Short, military governor of Hawaii, issued the following orders, Wednesday noon:

"All firearms and ammunition in possession of civilians, regardless of citizenship, shall be turned in to the police department before 4:00 p.m. on Friday, December 12."

The order does not include authorized law enforcement units, such as the Army, Navy, provisional police, post office department, and special officers.

Chief Larsen revealed that Church street, located between Wells and Main streets, in front of the Mutual Telephone Company building, would be blocked off to civilian traffic all night, hereafter. The street will be barricaded from 5:30 p.m. to day-break.

In answer to numerous phone calls received after the announcement of Colonel Lyman's order restricting public assemblies, both indoors and outdoors, Chief Larsen granted permission on Wednesday for meetings of authorized Red Cross units engaged in actual construction work.

"The ban on public assemblies," he said, "does not apply to the Red Cross."

The following requests were sent out by the Provost Marshal on Wednesday:

That all residents smoking on the streets at night, take precaution in lighting their matches in a shielded spot;

That all outdoor fires and burning tree stumps be put out before dark, in compliance with black-out orders.

6 Enemy Transports Sink Near Luzon

(Continued from Page One)

country-side.

More than 100 bombs were dropped during the first hour of the air attack on the Philippines with a number of Japanese planes being destroyed by air and ground fire.

The landing party in the Philippines was the first attempted on American soil since the war of 1812.

Over Nichols field, near Cavite, American and Japanese planes engaged in a fierce fight that resulted in the splitting up of a large bombing squadron and spread into a dogfight that virtually blacked out the sky over this important airfield.

One American plane was brought down by Japanese airmen while a large number of Japanese planes were shot down.

In the bombing attack there were two squadrons of 27 planes each while six dive bombers roared down on Nichols field to a ground attack but to be driven off with severe anti-aircraft fire.

One Japanese plane was seen to burst into smoke and disappear inland toward McKinley field. Shortly after it disappeared a huge column of white smoke was seen on the horizon indicating that it had crashed into flames.

LURLINE REPORTED IN SAN FRANCISCO

At Nichols field one major fire was reported at 12:40 p.m.

The foregoing cheering news was accompanied by relieving report that the Matson Liner Lurline had arrived safely in San Francisco after a record trip from Honolulu. She sailed Friday.

From the Far East the news was less encouraging.

The British suffered one of their most disastrous setbacks since the beginning of the war when HMS Prince of Wales, new 35,000 ton battleships and the 32,000 ton Heavy Cruiser Repulse were sunk by Japanese planes flown by German pilots. The action took place near Malaya and removed from the Pacific stronghold of the World Allies two of the most modern fighting ships afloat. The Prince of Wales carried a complement of about 1,800 men and the Repulse, 1,205. No word of survivors was received. Presumably all were lost.

The Prince of Wales, 35,000 tons displacement, carried 10-14 inch guns, 16-5.25 inch guns, a aircraft and had a speed of 30 knots.

The Repulse, 32,000 tons displacement, carried 1,205 officers and men and was equipped with 6-15 inch guns, 4-12 inch, 4-anti-aircraft and had a speed of 29 knots.

Another large landing force on the peninsula was vigorously opposed by British and Indian troops with the Japanese forcing British evacuation of the Thai border. British air forces slowed the advance North of Malaya with the Australian fliers cooperating.

NEW FIGHTERS FOR HAWAII

Reported arrival of a large force of army fighting planes in Honolulu caused a false air alarm late Monday. The planes are the first of a large number promised to the defenses of Hawaii by President Roosevelt in his speech to congress Monday.

Naval production was speeded throughout the country as the nation prepared for all-out war against the axis with two merchantmen scheduled to be launched daily henceforth and one cruiser and six

150 Girls Needed For Hospital Training

Miss Roberta Lindberg, director of the NYA hospital attendants course, today urged that as many more girls as possible report to Alexander House for training in hospital and first aid duties.

Miss Lindberg reported that about 20 girls have reported since her call was first issued two days ago, but pointed out that a total of at least 150 is needed and that only 55 have been obtained since the course was first started several months ago.

This need is urgent, she asserted, because of the fact that should Maui be attacked there will certainly be a shortage of hospital help. This lack of trained personnel may be a matter of life for a great many people, she said, urging that all girls employed in non-essential work report for this emergency training.

Evacuee Plan Mapped For Oahu Refugees

Preparations to care for Honoluluans evacuated to Maui and Maui residents who may be moved to other parts of the island were being made today by C. S. Childs, director of the public welfare division of the major disaster council.

Mr. Childs pointed out that two types of evacuees must be prepared for, those who can stay with friends or relatives, and those who have no connections on the island and must be cared for by volunteers. He asked that anyone having friends or relatives whom they can house should they be moved to Maui contact his office and give the names and addresses of these people to him.

He warned, however, that it will not be possible for those here to specify who shall be moved from Honolulu.

The general evacuation area in Honolulu is from Fort Shafter to Waialae Golf Club, below Beretania street to the sea and below Waialae avenue to the sea.

Individuals offering their home to evacuees should also give the amount of accommodations they can provide, how many they can house and feed.

Evacuation centers for movement of Mauians from one part of the island to another will also be organized shortly, he said.

Regulations Of The Movement Of Swine

Until further notice, the movement of all swine from their present premises is herewith prohibited. This order is placed into effect to avoid a possible cholera epidemic. Exceptions to this rule can only be effected upon the written authorization of the Assistant Territorial veterinarians, Drs. Fitzgerald and Pang.

By order of Colonel Lyman.

destroyers promised each week.

The federal reserve bank board of governors promised money to all banks on government security as another means of speeding production.

Enlistments actually forced the closing of the doors at recruiting centers throughout the nation as the youth and middle aged men demanded a part in the defense of their country. Plans call for the enlistment of 90,000 pilots, 90,000 students pilots and nearly 100,000 ground crewmen to swell the army and navy air corps ranks. Enlistments have been running about 26,000 per month for the past several months, Washington announced.

With labor fully behind the President, all stoppages of defense work ended Tuesday morning with virtually every strike called off.

Heavy withdrawals of German troops from the Moscow and Rostov fronts were reported, indicating that the nazis may attempt to drive through Turkey to the Middle East in order to interrupt British communications, split their forces and aid Japan's war effort.

At Dakar, French naval stronghold in Africa, anti-nazi demonstrations and strong pro-American expressions were reported when Germans attempted to show nazi propaganda film.

While the nazi swastika was received with loud boos, the American flag was cheered by a mob that rose to its feet and interrupted the program for many minutes. General Weygand was cheered lustily but General Darlan was booed by the crowd.

This report gave rise to expectations that the French navy might attempt a break to join the Americans in the fight against the axis.

Twenty American republics will meet with the United States at Rio de Janeiro early in January to map joint war plans Secretary Hull announced today after receiving the suggestion from the ambassador from Chile, first to propose the session. The date will be set December 17. Nine republics have already declared war, all others have promised undivided support and a number were scheduled to declare war against the axis partners today.

From Honolulu came confirmation of reports published in earlier editions of The Maui News that, thus far, no landing attempts have been made by the Japanese and that all has been quiet since Sunday night. Many rumors, some purposely spread by unfriendly persons, caused anxiety here Monday and Tuesday. The Maui News denied these at the time.

Kula Farmers Only Selling Excess Crops

Robert von Tempelky, manager of the Maui Vegetable Growers' Association, pointed out Wednesday that the offer of vegetables made by the Association today applies only to the excess vegetables picked for shipment to Honolulu, and that after this surplus has been disposed of wholesale sales will be made only to regular customers.

He asserted that this offer was made only as a means of conserving food that otherwise would have been destroyed and that wholesale prices will not be granted the general buying public hereafter.

The growers had picked large quantities of head cabbage, Chinese cabbage and tomatoes for shipment to the Honolulu market Monday, but when transportation between islands was halted the shipment could not be made. In order to insure that this produce would not be wasted the growers offered it to the general public at wholesale prices.

Discharged Men Rush To Stations

All National Guardsmen recently released from federal service and drafted transferred to the enlisted reserve corps have now returned to duty with the armed forces stationed here, Maj. James Cruckshank, adjutant of the Maui Military District, announced Wednesday. He said that all those who had not left the island before the attack have returned to duty, most of them within 24 hours of the attack.

Maj. Cruckshank pointed out that the order does not affect National Guardsmen released from service before they were ordered into federal service a year ago.

AIR RAID SIGNALS

Raid: two one-minute blasts of whistles, one minute apart.

All Clear: 3 three-second blasts at one-half minute intervals, repeated for 3 minutes.

LONG BLASTS MEAN A RAID. SHORT BLASTS, ALL CLEAR.

President Stirs Nation In First Message Of War

(Continued from Page One)

NAZIS AT WAR WITH AMERICAS

He warned that all the axis powers consider themselves at war with the United States, and those who are not fighting with them are classed as enemies, pointing out that all American republics fall into this category.

"The people of these nations may be honored in that fact," he asserted.

"We expect to eliminate the threat from Japan, but it would serve us ill if we found that the rest of the world was controlled by Hitler and Mussolini. We are going to win this war, and we are going to win the peace that follows."

Excerpts from the President's speech follow:

We may take pride in our patience and our efforts to preserve the peace all these years that Japan has been carrying on her dastardly plans.

The course that the Japanese have followed is the same as that taken by Mussolini in Africa and Hitler in Europe. Now it is collaboration, a natural collaboration.

Japan claims naval supremacy in the Pacific. This is an old trick in propaganda used many times by the nazis to spread fear and confusion among her enemies. Your government will not be caught in this obvious trap, nor will the people of the United States be caught.

It is not possible to receive accurate reports from distant points, particularly in this time of naval engagements where they cannot report at all because the information would become available to the enemy.

We may delay in making denials of enemy claims or of confirming them but we will NOT hide the facts.

WARNS AGAINST FALSE RUMORS

To the newspapers and radios of the nation, you have a grave responsibility to the nation now and for the duration. You have every right to criticize your government but you do not have the right to publish unconfirmed rumors that may jeopardize the lives of the nation.

We face a long war against crafty bandits.

One and one-half years have elapsed since the war began. America has used those 18 months to advantage, to begin increasing our industrial strength, to rush war materials to the nations that have been resisting the aggressors.

Our policy has been justified. It has given us time to build our lines of production. This is only the beginning of what still must be done.

We face a long war, not only a long war but also a hard war. Ahead lies hard work; long, hard nights but we will eventually win.

This is the yardstick by which we measure the money, the materials and all our plans.

The United States does not consider it a sacrifice to give our best and all to the nation when the nation's future is at stake. It is not a sacrifice for the industrialist nor the wage earner. We must expect to pay more taxes, to work longer hours.

Either this is a privilege, not a sacrifice to do without.

It will not be necessary to curtail the normal use of food. We have enough for all and yet to send surpluses to others who are in need. But we will be short of metals. We need more than half the principal metals now used in civilian production for the war effort.

Our people are prepared to go the limit to win this war and they are willing to pay the financial cost.

We will give up the material things we have to give up but we will retain the spiritual things without which we cannot win. We expect nothing more than complete victory.

We begin this great task by abandoning the illusion that we can isolate ourselves from the rest of the world. The last three days taught us the terrible lesson. Never forget what we have learned.

There is no such thing as security for the individual or the nation. There is no such thing as an impregnable defense against aggressors who sneak up in the dark and strike.

Our enemies have accomplished a skillful deception. It was a thoroughly dishonorable act in full Nazi manner.

This war is a dirty business. We didn't want it but we are in and we will fight it to our greatest effort.

JAPAN PROMISED PACIFIC CONTROL

Germany has promised Japan the spoils of war, control of the Pacific area, not only the Far East, but all the Pacific Islands, the Western Coast of North and South America.

Japan and Germany are engaged in a joint naval plan. And Germany will combat all the nations that are not helping the axis powers. That is the simple plan.

If Japan is successful in the Pacific, this helps the nazis in Libya; if Germany is successful in Libya, this helps Japan in the Dutch East Indies. And if Russia is successful it helps us, if Norway hampers the nazis, this helps Britain.

Regardless of the lack of a declaration of war by Germany, the nazis consider themselves at war with the United States, the same as England and Russia, they are at war with the South American Republics.

We can take pride in this fact.

We are not betrayers. We are good people. We are in the midst of war, not of conquest nor vengeance but to preserve all our heritages for our children and our children's children.

The vast majority of the human race is on our side. We are going to win this war and the peace that follows!

Bank Of Hawaii Lists Rules For Withdrawal, Alien Japanese Funds

Bank of Hawaii officials today announced the following regulations are effective immediately governing funds of alien Japanese. These are only partial, complete regulations will be published tomorrow.

1. A license has been granted by the treasury department which permits withdrawal of funds from banks by nationals of Japan and Korea, up to a limit of \$50 per calendar week and not in excess of \$200 per calendar month, providing such withdrawals are for normal living and traveling expenses. This license is effective on and after Dec. 8, 1941. For the purpose of this dual citizens are construed to be American citizens.

2. As to business accounts, nationals of Japan and Korea are permitted to engage in normal business activities of a commercial or agricultural nature solely within the Territory providing:

A. Such individual, partnership, firm or corporation with a gross income of \$4,000 per year files the affidavit required under Form TFBI-1 with the office of the governor of the Territory by Dec. 15, 1941.

B. Such individuals, partnership, firm or corporation with a gross income of less than \$4,000 per year file Report Form B (Hawaii) with the Office of the governor of the Territory by Dec. 22, 1941.

3. We cannot cash or honor checks made payable to alien Japanese in any amount. We can, however, accept deposits, old or new, for accounts of nationals and such funds will then of course be subject to limitation.

HOME EDITION

Schools Open Today

WAR BUREAU

Safety Precautions At Night Urged By Lyman; Drug Purchases Listed

Maui's public and private schools, exclusive of Japanese language schools, will open this morning as usual, it was announced late Tuesday by Colonel Charles B. Lyman, commanding the Maui district.

School routine will commence today and no further curtailment of studies will be ordered unless the situation requires, Colonel Lyman said. Japanese language books have been permanently closed by executive order of Colonel Lyman.

In announcing the resumption of school, Colonel Lyman issued a request of school principals and teachers to instruct students on safety precautions to be taken in the event of an air raid, to warn them as to the signals and to take adequate cover under trees or heavy undergrowth. A campaign of education on air raid precautions will be instituted under the direction of the supervising principals' office.

Additional regulations covering business establishments and movies were also issued by Colonel Lyman Tuesday.

MATINEES MUST CLOSE AT 4 P.M.
Movies will be permitted to hold matinee performances during daylight hours but the last performance must be concluded and the theatres emptied no later than 4 p.m. each day. There will be no restrictions as to the number of shows permitted each day.

Stores, general business establishments and all other firms doing public business must be closed and no sales made after 5 p.m. Hotels and restaurants must comply with blackout provisions if meals are served after daylight hours.

Street regulations on the use of gas in the Lyman district, issued by Colonel Lyman, and ration cards will be issued shortly, he said. All persons owning cars are urged to exercise their use to necessary driving and in all cases where possible to "pool" rides with neighbors and friends, so as to conserve the limited supply of fuel in the county.

Cars parked on streets, day or night must be kept locked with keys removed to prevent concommencing by unfriendly parties.

All regulations promulgated and all requests issued by Colonel Lyman apply equally to Lanai and Molokai.

Full blackout will continue indefinitely and Colonel Lyman cautioned the public to tighten up on its observance of this official regulation. Carelessness in many parts of the island has resulted in violations of the blackout. Colonel Lyman urged that all residents make doubly certain tonight and in the future that, when lights are used in any room the windows and doors be thoroughly sealed.

Automobiles on the streets at night are banned unless on official or urgent business. Pleasure driving should not be indulged in by persons desiring to demonstrate their full cooperation with authorities.

Children must be off the streets by dusk hereafter without exception, Colonel Lyman declared. He also said that adults not having urgent business should remain at home at night, and to use the streets as little as possible.

Prone to wandering on the streets by anyone will not be tolerated by the authorities.

DRUG PURCHASES LISTED
After prohibiting drug sales without prescription for the purpose of taking inventories, Colonel Lyman yesterday issued the following list that will now be permitted sold on open market without prescription:

1. All establishments handling medical supplies and drugs to submit inventories of same to Headquarters Maui District at once.

2. A physician's prescription is not necessary for purchase of the following list of drugs and medical supplies:

Bisulol and anti acid powders, Citro carbonate, Alka seltzer, Kleenex, Tampons, Kotex, etc., Common laxatives, Flaxseed, Mustard powder, Sodium-bicarbonate, Cod liver oil concentrates, Milk sugar, Douche powder.

Atomizers, Mouth washes, gargles, etc., Throat lozenges, Mineral oil, Petrol agar, Liniments, Tonics, Cough drops, Herbs, Baby nipples and bottles, Soaps, Effervescent salts, Headache tablets, powders, Cosmetics, Vick's Salve, Rub and Nose drops.

...EDITORIAL...

MAIN OBJECTIVE—STILL UNTAKEN

Japan's dastardly attack of Sunday succeeded in wrecking severe damage to the fighting might of this Pacific outpost but, if the general interpretation of the main objective of the assault is correct, she failed in accomplishing her mission.

While the annihilation of the enemy and his works is always a prime objective in warfare, the destruction of his morale is equally important and sometimes is essential to the achievement of the first.

In the attack on Oahu, it appears to be generally agreed, Japan had hoped to shatter the civilian, military and naval morale with a sudden, swift blow. This done, the completion of the mission would have perhaps been a comparatively simple operation.

But Oahu's—Hawaii's—morale did not crack; it did not even waver.

After the shock of the first unprovoked blow, the people of

(Continued on Page Eight)

MAUI NEWS

41ST YEAR—No. 5593 WAILUKU, MAUI, T. H. WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1941 PRICE FIVE CENTS

Maui Placed On Food Ration

\$2 Weekly Limit Is Set For Civilians As Lyman Moves To Curb Hoarding REGULATIONS ISSUED

Strict regulations for the control of Maui County's food supply were promulgated late Monday night by Colonel Charles B. Lyman, commander of the Maui district, after it became apparent that a serious shortage of commodities was threatening.

While moving to conserve the food supply of the county, Colonel Lyman likewise acted to protect the interests of the population by freezing all food prices as of Saturday, Dec. 6, the day preceding Japan's surprise attack upon the United States.

At the same time orders were issued to all service stations that the gasoline ration would be limited to three gallons to each car having less than half a tankful of gasoline. All ration orders were in full effect Tuesday morning.

Retail stores were closed Monday for the purpose of taking inventory and were permitted to reopen Tuesday noon after a complete check of the county's supplies had been completed under military direction. With the foregoing restrictions, business will proceed in the county without serious hardship, according to business leaders who are cooperating fully with Colonel Lyman and his staff.

\$2 LIMIT IMPOSED

Purchases of foodstuffs imported from the Mainland and outside sources will be limited to \$2 per week per person in the family, this to include not more than 25 cents rice per person per week. Sales will be strictly recorded in order to prevent any attempt at over-buying, Colonel Lyman said.

"There is no need for alarm. These measures are precautionary and are designed to protect the interests of the entire population," Colonel Lyman said in pronouncing the important regulations.

"Without restrictions, there would surely be a small minority who might abuse the privilege of open buying. This would work a hardship on the majority who are cooperating to the fullest extent with the military and civil authorities."

Colonel Lyman added that he was thoroughly satisfied with the manner in which Maui County had met the emergency and that the people were acting in a highly commendable manner. No untoward incidents have marred Maui's first 48 hours in the war, Colonel Lyman said.

FOOD DISTRIBUTION REGULATIONS

The food supply regulations will fall under the following: In view of the fact that it is unknown when shipments from Honolulu or the Mainland will be resumed, it is imperative that every effort be made to conserve our present resources. We are asking the full cooperation of the public along these lines. The (Continued on Page Eight)

Unity Marks Emergency

Col. Lyman Points To Close Cooperation

In assuming efficient command of Maui district in the war emergency, Colonel Lyman yesterday stressed the fact that the remarkable results obtained in organizing Maui district after the alarm Sunday morning would not have been possible without the aid and cooperation of many public and private agencies.

Serving under Colonel Lyman in vital agencies are Louis Herschler,

commander of the disaster emergency council, who is in direct charge of all provisional police activities and George F. Larsen Jr., chief of police who is now acting as provost marshal.

Al R. Spitzer, board chairman and executive chairman of the disaster council, has also cooperated at the command of the army.

Colonel Lyman also pointed to the prompt action of the Maui fire department which quickly met Sunday and ordered all liquor establishments closed for the duration. Later an official military order superseded the commission's order.

Navy authorities at V-22 under command of Lt. T. W. South II, and at Maui Range, Commander William Hart in command, as well as naval intelligence have cooperated closely with the Maui commander,

VOLUNTEER OFFICE OPENED

An office to handle volunteer civilian defense workers has been opened in the employment office in Wailuku across the street from the postoffice. All persons except Boy and Girl Scouts who wish to volunteer will please report to that office for assignment instead of the Major Disaster Council office. Persons with clerical experience, who can type or take dictation, are needed for full or part time work, during the day or night.

\$150-B

MAUI IS ALERT

First Aid Stations Are Established Here



LIONEL DUPONTE is shown above as he stood guard at the American Legion Hall, headquarters of the provisional police and disaster council, during the drizzle Monday morning. He is one of hundreds of provisional police called to duty with the beginning of hostilities—Maui News photo.

First Aid Stations Are Established Here

Dr. J. A. Burden, medical division head for the Major Disaster Council, today announced the following regarding first aid stations:

"In the event of an attack on Maui preparation has been made to take care of the wounded in any district that might be involved. First aid stations have been established in strategic locations where all injured will be taken care of. Those needing hospitalization will be referred from these stations to the proper hospital. All civilians should acquaint themselves with the location of the first aid station in their vicinity. In case of injury proceed at once to this station. If ambulance service is needed to transport the injured to the first aid station, proceed to the nearest phone and call the first aid station.

- First aid stations are located at the following points: Kula, upper road, Zahndale residence; Keenon, Kula sanatorium; Lower Road, Waiakoa community house; Hupahakou community house.
- Kahului—Dr. Liehtner's dispensary.
- Panamae—Panamae hospital dispensary.
- Pala—Pala hospital dispensary, upper Pala.
- Haliimale—Haliimale dispensary, Pakalani road.
- Haiuku—Libby's dispensary.
- Hana—Hana hospital dispensary.
- Wailuku—Wailuku Sugar Co. dispensary, Dr. K. Leim's office, Dr. Frank S. Lee's office, and Mahulani hospital.

Weddick Rites Held

Funeral services for Mrs. Wilhelmina Weddick, 75, who died in Maui, were held at 2 p.m. Monday at Wailuku, Oahu Church with the Rev. H. M. Keenan officiating, followed by burial at the cemetery.

Mrs. Weddick died at Mahulani hospital early Sunday morning, following an illness of nearly two

ENLISTMENTS IN ARMED SERVICE BREAK RECORD

While the people of the United States, united in sentiment and effort, moved toward waging an all-out war on the axis powers, budget director Harold E. Smith prepared to submit to the congress a war bill for the appropriation of between \$35,000,000,000 and \$50,000,000,000 immediately while authoritative congressional and department sources indicated that the total war budget to be passed would approximate \$150,000,000,000 in addition to the \$70,000,000,000 already appropriated.

The supplies, priorities and allocations board estimated that the appropriation would reach 150 billion dollars as the nation prepared for the mightiest war effort in history.

Enlistments in all branches of the armed services were reportedly setting records far in excess of those which marked the opening day of hostilities against Germany in the last war.

Percentages in excess of the World War enlistments ran as high as 100 percent with all enlistment stations running of least 10 percent above the figure for the first day of the world war.

In Washington Secretary of State Cordell Hull broadened the base of the effort by warning all citizens to be on the alert "for German treachery," while remaining pointedly silent in regard to the Italians.

AMEND DRAFT ACT

Chairman Vinson of the house naval affairs committee announced that all naval construction is being placed on a 24 hour basis effective immediately.

Coincident with the rush of enlistments for the army and navy, the war department published the first list of casualties resulting from the opening engagements.

Congress passed and sent to the White House immediately a measure repealing those sections of the selective service act which bar service of draftees outside the western hemisphere.

While the federal bureau of investigation of the department of justice was conducting a nation wide roundup of "enemy aliens," including suspicious Germans and Italians as well as Japanese, preparations were made to black out the White House in Washington.

In addition to the above mentioned change in the selective service act, legislation was being prepared to keep all enlisted men in service for the duration of the war.

While congress moved swiftly to provide finances for the sinews of war, the mainland prepared extensive precautions against the type of attack that was leveled against outlying possessions last week end.

PLAN SEVEN-DAY WEEK

In a proclamation issued Tuesday, President Roosevelt classed Japanese, Italians and Germans as "enemy aliens."

The president also was in conference with labor leaders of the nation to discuss the possibility of commencing a seven-day work week for the nation's war industry.

In contrast to the strike which has marked the past few weeks of labor news, the nation was practically free from strikes as all workers pledged themselves to support of the war effort.

Contributing to the war atmosphere on the mainland was the report to San Francisco Monday night that two squadrons of unidentified planes approached to within a few miles of the Bay City, only to be met by intercepter planes from the Fourth Army intercepter command. Three ships were reportedly dispatched to search for the source of the planes, undoubtedly an aircraft carrier.

Upon the approach of the planes, San Francisco and the bay area experienced a 70 minute blackout, after which Mayor Angelo Rossi went on the radio to ask better cooperation with the blackout efforts.

During the night Monday all coast radio stations were ordered off the air, and San Diego experienced a blackout which was described by navy sources as a "precautionary" measure.

Major Gen. John L. Dewitt of the Fourth Army said that he doubted whether the planes which approached the coast were bombers, but asserted that they were not army or navy planes and certainly not civilian ships. He said they probably were long range reconnaissance planes.

EMERGENCY DECLARED

Great numbers of Japanese allies were being rounded up on the Pacific coast and preparations were being made to intern them.

A state of emergency was declared in the state of Utah and plans were being made to handle evacuees from the coast.

Mayor Fiorella LaGuardia of New York, civilian defense director, was scheduled to arrive on the Pacific Coast by plane Tuesday to direct civilian efforts there.

(Continued on Page Seven)

Malulani Asks Aid

In order to relieve congestion at Malulani Hospital during an emergency, a call is made for volunteers to take care of one or more of the indigent aged men in their homes, temporarily or preferably permanently. 35 beds may be made available in this way. Volunteer: phone Dr. R. J. McArthur at 938 or 8405.

MEN CALLED BACK TO SERVICE

All men from the 288th and 290th Infantry recently released from service for whatever reason, were ordered to report for duty at the Waialuku armory immediately. It was announced officially Monday morning.

THE MAUI BONTÉ

Calling Attention! Christmas Shoppers!
"Trade where Your Dollars Buy the Most!"
Received large shipments as follows:

Women's Department

- Toppers** - - - - - \$5.50
Others \$6.95 up to \$9.50
- Sweaters** - - - - - \$2.25
Others \$1.25 up to \$4.50
- Silk Dresses** - - - - - \$3.95
Others \$1.95 up to \$6.50
- Silk Slips** - - - - - \$1.25
Others 65c up to \$1.95
- Hosiery** - - - - - 98c
Others 65c up to \$1.45
- Handbags** - - - - - \$1.00
Others \$1.25 up to \$3.95
- Nitegowns** - - - - - 89c
Others \$1.25 up to \$2.50
- Chanelle Robes** - - - - - \$2.85
Others \$1.25 up to \$6.50
- Slack Suits** - - - - - \$2.25
Others \$1.25 up to \$4.95

Children's Department

- Dresses** - - - - - 69c
Others 49c up to \$1.25
- Boy's Suits** - \$1.00
Others 69c up to \$1.95
- Baby Dresses** - - \$1.00
Others 29c up to \$2.25
- Flannel Pajamas** - - - - - 59c
Others 75c up to \$1.00
- Sweaters** - - - - - 69c
Others 75c up to \$2.50
- Polo Shirts** - - - - - 35c
Others 49c up to \$1.25

Boys' and Men's Dept.

- Shirts** - - - - - \$1.25
Others 65c up to \$1.95
- Sweaters** - - - - - \$2.25
Others \$1.25 up to \$3.50
- Jackets** - - - - - \$3.95
Water Repellent
- Polo Shirts** - - - - - \$1.95
Others 75c up to \$2.25
- Flannel Pajamas** - - - - - \$1.50
Others 89c up to \$2.25

Gifts for Ladies

- Manicure Sets** 59c
Others 25c up to \$1.25
- Comb and Brush Sets** - - - - - \$1.25
Others \$1.00 up to \$3.50
- Pillow Case Sets** - - - - - 89c
Others 59c up to \$1.25

Gifts for Men

- Military Sets** \$1.00
Others 59c up to \$3.50
- Billfolds** - - - - - \$1.00
Others 75c up to \$1.95
- Handkerchiefs** 50c
Others 25c up to 95c

Piece Goods

- Cotton Prints** - - - - - 25c yd.
Others 19c up to 29c yd.
- Silk Prints** - - - - - 50c yd.
Other silks 50c up to 89c yd.

EDUCATIONAL TOYS AND DOLLS 10c up to \$2.95
Reasonable prices.

BUY YOUR NEEDS AT YOUR THRIFT SHOP

THE MAUI BONTÉ

All 'Americas' Join In Fight

18 Countries Line Up With U. S. In Struggle

In less than one hour after President Roosevelt had issued his momentous message to congress at noon today, the house and senate joined in a vote for a declaration of war that fell short of unanimity by a single nay. The vote in the two houses was 470 to 1. And all the Americas, Great Britain, China and the Dutch East Indies joined their forces with the United States in the great war of the Pacific.

Britain's parliament, in fact, "beat the United States" to a formal vote by a few minutes after Prime Minister Churchill had appeared in person and demanded that the British house support his pledged word of a month ago that Britain would declare war on Japan within hours of an attack upon United States territory.

The South American republics were unanimous in their support of the United States, Argentina being the only country not having declared war at 4 p.m. today. The latter's ambassador to Washington, however, informed President Roosevelt that his country would abide by Article XV of the Havana agreement which constitutes a pledge of war aid in the event of an attack upon the Western Hemisphere. Argentina voted the Hawaii attack as an invasion of this hemisphere today.

ROUND UP NATIONALS

Central American nations likewise joined the United States in an active participation in the war and immediately started a roundup of all totalitarian nationals.

Cuba moved to permit its congress to vote a war declaration Tuesday and Mexico, by special decree of the president of that country set Tuesday as the day for a formal declaration.

Meanwhile Mexico interned all nationals, handed the Japanese ambassador his passports and froze Japanese credits totalling \$30,000,000.

Most of the declarations in the American republics were enthusiastically adopted with full aid pledged to the United States and her allies including the use of all harbors, ports and airports.

In congress the senate immediately settled down to a rapid consideration of the Connolly resolution declaring a state of war between the United States and Japan. Without debate and without speeches, the senators unanimously adopted the resolution by 82-0 and rushed it to the house.

In the house, brief, one-minute speeches preceded the formal vote with Minority Leader Joe Martin pledging his own and his party's full support of the nation's war president. Rep. Luther A. Johnson declared the attack to be a "dastardly act of treachery, characteristic of totalitarian powers."

Rep. Jeannette Rankin of Wyoming, only member of congress to cast a negative vote, vainly attempted to gain the floor during the brief one-sided debate but Speaker Sam Rayburn, turning his head deliberately away from her, refused to give her recognition. The vote quickly followed Johnson's final speech.

In the house the vote was 388 to 1.

In a hushed presidential chamber, with leaders of both parties surrounding him, President Roosevelt signed the bill and posed for newspaper photographers at 4:10 p.m., just four hours and ten minutes after Mr. Roosevelt had addressed the joint session.

THE WAR SITUATION

From Washington came official reports of the progress of the war after a silence of almost 12 hours.

In the opening phases of the Battle of Hawaii the United States lost one out-moded battleship which capsized in Pearl Harbor after Japan's Sunday bombing attack and one destroyer which was blown up by dive bombers. Several smaller craft were disabled and put out of action and a relatively large number of defending planes were lost.

American casualties in the Hawaii attack were listed at 3,000 according to official reports to Washington, including 1,500 dead and 1,500 injured. These figures, while from official sources, are incomplete at this writing. A large percentage of the casualties on Oahu were army

and navy personnel.

Admiral Stark, chief of operations, in a report to the secretary of the navy, declared that the United States navy is entirely "adequate" to meet the situation in the Pacific and said that it was growing stronger daily.

From the White House came a pronouncement that heavy reinforcements in planes and fighting equipment were being rushed to Hawaii to be thrown into the battle against the Japanese invaders.

Soviet Ambassador Maxim Litvinoff arrived in Washington Sunday and was immediately received by President Roosevelt, at which time he presented his credentials. After conferring for sometime with the president he told reporters that of course the principal topic of conversation was the Japanese situation.

It was also announced officially in Washington that Manila had been subjected to a terrific bombardment.

The White House also announced that an undetermined number of Japanese submarines had been destroyed but could give no figures on Japan's losses in larger ships and aircraft. The navy department announced that the fight was proceeding on a wide area in the Pacific, including the waters and air surrounding Hawaii, Guam, Wake and the Philippines but could give no details as to the nature of the battle except to say that it was intense in all sectors.

From Honolulu came reports that repairs to damaged air fields and hangars were being rushed and that the defending planes would increase in numbers today and tonight as a result of the refitting of the fields.

PRESIDENT CHARGES JAPAN

President Roosevelt authorized a statement on the situation charging that "Germany obviously pushed Japan into the war to end our lend-lease program. As usual the wish is father to the thought!"

It was pointed out by the White House spokesman that Tokyo's news broadcasts over the past 24 hours, like those emanating from Berlin, were highly inaccurate and were pointed to the two-fold purpose of bolstering a faltering morale on the home front and to vainly attempt to break down our own morale. In both instances, it was declared, the plan would fail because it was founded on falsehoods.

In a news broadcast at noon today, an announcer, speaking in English with a distinct English accent, officially claimed that the United States fleet in the Pacific had suffered an "annihilating defeat" and that there remained only two capital ships and one carrier!

He further claimed that Hawaii was on the verge of capture and that other Pacific Islands were already under Japan's control "with the Rising Sun flying high over the land."

Later he declared that the United States had lost more than 60 planes in the first engagement while Japan had lost only two.

Subsequently, confirmed reports from the battle showed that virtually all of the 15 minute news broadcast from Tokyo was based on falsehoods.

ENLISTMENTS SOAR

Opposing the claim of Japan that Guam and Wake had fallen Washington offered an official denial and pointed to continued operations in these sectors as assurance that the United States still held control.

In England, hundreds of American pilots and mechanics serving with the RAF were clamoring for permits to transfer to their own air force and the American embassy in London was flooded with requests. Many of them, it was indicated, would be granted.

Simultaneously it was announced in Washington that navy enlistments Monday soared to a record high and that enlistment offices and federal buildings throughout the country were overwhelmed with applications for enlistment. This is in sharp contrast to reports a week ago that naval enlistments had fallen off and that conscription might be invoked to swell the navy's rolls.

During the day prior to President Roosevelt's cochinal speech, the American leader and Prime Minister Churchill talked for a half hour by radio-telephone and apparently were in total agreement on war plans.

The British prime minister won the support of liberals, laborites and conservatives after he made his demand and even Hoare-Belisha, former war minister, a caustic critic of the government, congratulated Mr. Churchill for having units of the fleet in the Far East, ready for the Japanese emergency.

MILITARY FORCE JAPAN TO WAR

From Tokyo came the startling news that the declaration of war on the United States and Great Britain was not made by and with the consent of the imperial government but solely by the military and naval high commands!

On the domestic front, relief from the crippling effects of the nation-wide strikes was seen as labor leaders moved to end tieups and resume full-time production throughout the nation. In England Churchill appealed to labor to speed up the tempo in order to increase aid-to-Russia which would naturally be impeded insofar as the United States is

Hospital Aides Needed

Miss Roberta Lindberg, director of the National Youth Administration's hospital attendants course, requested that as many girls as possible report for training because of the national emergency.

Miss Lindberg emphasized that with the beginning of hostilities there is now more need than ever for attendants to take care of the sick and injured.

Those who wish to take this training are urged to report immediately to Miss Lindberg at the Alexander House Community Association office.

Mauí's Air Squadron On Daylight Patrol

Many people, organizations and firms cooperated with Maui's VJ-3 naval aviation squadron in rounding up their men when word was received at the Pukalani airport that the Japanese had attacked Pearl Harbor shortly after dawn yesterday morning.

To Mrs. Frank A. Hopt, wife of the Hawaii National Park ranger on Haleakala, Lt. Richard Burns, in command of VJ-3 during the absence of Lt. T. O. Smith, gave the assignment of proceeding six miles into the crater to locate a group of his men on a weekend trip. Mrs. Hopt carried out her assignment with dispatch.

Others singled out for thanks by Lt. Burns were the H.C. & S. Co. Ltd., Assistant Manager Ward Walker in particular, the Maui Telephone System, Chief of Police George E. Larson, Jr. and the entire Maui Police force, Salvation Army, Five Star Tractors, Inc. and manager Charles Kneel, and Editor Ezra J. Crane and the Maui News staff.

An unidentified number of planes of VJ-3 were on patrol throughout Sunday, and after spending a night of darkness, took off again at 6 a.m. Monday morning.

concerned for the next few months until the Pacific situation is under control.

From Manila came reassuring word from President Manuel Quezon who pledged the Commonwealth to full support of the United States war effort, including the armed forces and bases of his country.

TOPS 'EM ALL!
PEPSI-COLA
AMERICA'S BIGGEST NICKEL'S WORTH

Authorized Bottler: American Soda & Ice Works
Paia, Maui

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—to have the protection of insurance on any property you may have — and such protection is always worth many times its cost.

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C. BREWER & COMPANY, LTD.

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HONOLULU, T. H.

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TOYLAND HEADQUARTERS
Lovely Gifts for Mother, Father, Brother or Sister.

If you are looking for something unusual and lovely, you'll find it here at moderate prices.

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Market St. Phone 4141 Waialua

Sports On Maui Postponed Indefinitely

Emergency Order Will Take Effect

Punahou, Maui High, Lanai Teams May Be "Stranded"

All sports and athletic contests sponsored by or being conducted under the auspices of the Alexander House Community Association have been postponed indefinitely, according to an announcement made by T. L. Dankroger, AHCA athletic director, Monday morning.

"All the offices, facilities and personnel of the AHCA and its district branches have been turned over to emergency work," Dankroger advised.

In accordance with orders issued by Colonel Charles B. Lyman, commanding the Maui district, the Kahului Athletic Club's bowling alley has been shut down, to avoid public assemblage.

10 A.M. TO 5 P.M.

Special permits have been granted to the AHCA and the centers at Lahaina and Wailuku will be opened at 10 a.m. and closed at 5 p.m. in order to provide recreational facilities which may help to relieve the tension.

Among the first sports activities affected by the order were the Kahului Railroad Company vs Lanai 125-pound barefoot football encounter and the Punahou-Baldwin grid contest. Both games were scheduled to be played at the Kahului Fairgrounds last Sunday afternoon, but have been postponed indefinitely.

Other sports affected by the order are basketball, bowling, and the Commercial volleyball league sponsored by the Women's and Girls' department of the AHCA.

LONG GAINING LONGHORN



Maui, Lanai Visits Included In Report Of Aide To AAU Head

One half page of a four-page bulletin issued to delegates assembled at the 52d annual convention of the National AAU at Philadelphia last month was devoted to an account of a visit to the Hawaiian Islands by J. Lyman Bingham, assistant to President L. Di Benedetto, Sr.

The following is Bingham's account of his trip to Maui and Lanai:

"After the Association provided airplane transportation to the island of Maui, which was met by the Maui Athletic Club, we were taken to the plantation athletic director's office. The first of these trips was to the island of Maui, where the plane was met by E. L. Dankroger, Director of Athletics of the Alexander House Community Association, and Eddie Herzog, President of the San Diego Commission of the Southern Pacific Association of the A.A.U., who is stationed on the island in charge of recreation at the naval air base at Pagan.

"The visit to Maui included an interesting eight-day trip to the volcano (Haleakala Crater) and a trip around the island to the Hana district where we spent the night at the home of the plantation manager. After inspecting the plantation athletic facilities, we returned to Wailuku for a luncheon with the plantation athletic directors as guests of R. M. Allen, plantation manager of Wailuku Sugar Company, at his beautiful beach home.

"About forty people attended the luncheon where I was privileged to talk to them about the A.A.U. and particularly the new commission plan. I advocated the commission plan for the island and was supported in the argument by Eddie Herzog, who as president of the San Diego Commission is probably more familiar with it than anyone else in the A.A.U. The group promised to discuss it later among themselves but the consensus was that they would give up more than they would gain and its possibility would decide to continue under the commission plan of the Alexander House Community Association.

"After seeing their setup I am compelled to agree with them in many respects. Without a doubt, the Alexander House Community Association is the finest industrial recreation setup that I have ever seen and one in which amateurism is the watchword. Mr. Dankroger deserves a word of credit for the results he has obtained and many organizations could profit by a study of their setup.

"From Maui we went by small boat to the island of Lanai in company with the Maui athletic teams who were going over to participate in an athletic tournament under the auspices of what is known as the Four Island Amateur Athletic Federation. This includes the

In the Realm of Sports

By Isao Tanaka

Every American citizen who is an athlete or a sports fan, knows that sportsmanship is most essential for the success of every athletic contest, league or tournament.

There have been several cases where the losing team has been credited with a "moral victory" and won the hearts of the fans, because its members chose to play clean, while their opponents resorted to rough, dirty play.

The immortal Knute Rockne, who died in a plane crash in 1931 after gaining fame as a football player and coach at Notre Dame University in South Bend, Indiana, never lost sight of the fact that football and all other competitive sports were designed to teach youngsters to play the game of life, together.

Rockne's favorite poem, author anonymous, helps us to understand why he has served as an inspiration and ideal of hundreds of youngsters. The poem follows:

"Dear Lord,
In the battle that goes on through life,
I ask but a field that is fair,
A chance that is equal with all in the strife,
A Courage to strive and to bear;
And if I should win, let it be by the code,
With my faith and my honor held high;
And if I should lose, let me stand by the road,
And cheer as winners go by."

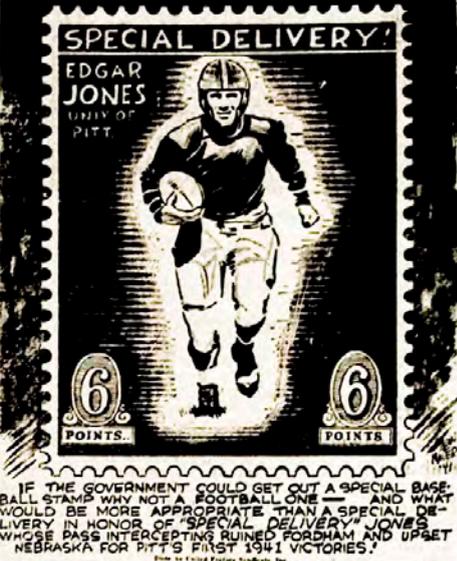
The foregoing paragraphs lead us to the purpose of this article.

Poor sportsmanship displayed by Japan in attacking Pearl Harbor and other military bases on Oahu without warning, early Sunday morning has resulted in the indefinite postponement of all sports activity, on the Valley Island, in compliance with military orders restricting public assemblies.

Athletes and fans realize that football, baseball, basketball, tennis, golf, bowling, and other sports are "necessities" of life itself.

The curtailment of sports activity will not appeal to Americans indirectly or directly connected with athletics. It provides, however, a chance to show good sportsmanship by taking things as they come. Everybody realizes now that this is no time to think of individual rights, especially so with more important things—life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness—on their minds.

STAMP OF APPROVAL



U-U Teams Are Listed

10 Mainland Eleven Complete 1941 Slate Unbeaten, Untied

Ten mainland football teams completed their regular schedule of games for the 1941 season, with unbeaten and untied records.

Duke University (Durham, North Carolina) and Midland College (Fremont, Nebraska), each won nine games. Eight game winners included Duquesne University (Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania), Nebraska State Teachers (Kearney, Nebraska), James Milliken University (Deerater, Illinois), University of Minnesota (Minneapolis, Minnesota), and Western Michigan College (Kalamazoo, Michigan). Rose Polytechnic Institute (Terre Haute, Indiana) and Thiel College (Greenville, Pennsylvania), were seven game winners.

Seasonal records follow:

43 Wake Forest	11
19 Tennessee	9
50 Maryland	8
27 Colgate	7
27 Pittsburgh	7
11 Georgia Tech	6
55 Davidson	6
29 North Carolina	6
55 N.C. Carolina State	6

Willamette Is 20-6 Loser In Shrine Game

University of Hawaii won the 11th annual Shrine's benefit football game at the Honolulu Stadium Saturday afternoon, defeating Willamette University by 20-6 before more than 24,000 spectators.

The Rainbows trailed 6-0 at the end of the first quarter, but scored touchdowns in the three remaining periods to come out on top. University led 7-6 at halftime, Richard Hart scoring and Melvin Aho converting.

Libby Cagers In 34-22 Victory

Libby triumphed over CVO, 34-22, and Townies whipped Mikados, 27-18, in Makawao district Beginners basketball league games, played last Wednesday night at the Makawao CVO gym.

Edwin Dias, Libby, was high scorer in the first game with 12 points. W. Sakamoto led the Townies to victory over the Mikados, tallying 15 points.

You save \$2.20 a year by subscribing to The Maui News.

111 DUQUESNE	11
14 Wayneburg	2
23 Niagara	9
26 Manhattan	7
7 St. Vincent	9
15 Knox	7
7 Villanova	9
9 St. Mary's	9
16 Miss. State	9
143	23
MILLIKEN	23
21 Cornell College	9
13 Monmouth	9
23 Illinois College	9
15 Marquette	7
27 Ill. Wesleyan	9
61 Charleston	9
6 North Central	9

(Continued on page five)

PUNS STRANDED

The Punahou football team was left stranded on Maui when all inter-island transportation was halted by the aerial attack on Oahu by Japanese planes, early Sunday morning.

Also stranded on Maui are members of the Lanai 125 pound football team.

There is also a possibility that the Maui High School basketball team, which is on Lanai at present, may be stranded on the island for several days.

The Sabers left Maui for Lanai Saturday morning and were scheduled to play games there on Sunday, Monday and Tuesday.

Transportation to and from Lanai by athletic teams is provided by the Hawaiian Pineapple Company through the "Nais."

Trained correspondents in all districts make The Maui News truly a Maui County newspaper.

Lodge Maui No. 472
F. & A. M.
Stated meeting will be held at the Masonic Hall, Kahului, on the second Wednesday night of each month at 7:30 o'clock.
GEORGE B. GLICK, W.M.
MARQUIS F. CALMES, P. M. Sec.

INGRAM'S
Triple Treat
Lather, Lotion, and Tonic combined... give you Shaving Luxury

Why men prefer
Ingram's Triple-Treat Formula

- Ingram's delightful lather frees the face in the lathering and irritation of shaving.
- Ingram's rich lather softens whiskers to the skin for easy shaving.
- Ingram's special ingredients soothe and tone the skin—keep it clean all day without a lotion.
- Ingram's is economical—more than three months of lather in each tube of jar.

INGRAM'S
Concentrated SHAVING CREAM
A little goes a long way.

Trained correspondents in all districts make The Maui News truly a Maui County newspaper.

MEMORY LANE OF MAUI SPORTDOM

NOVEMBER 29, 1941—The Lahaina Tigers, runners-up in the Maui Senior barefoot football league, defeated the Honolulu senior team by 13-7, on Molokai. The Tigers are co-coached by David Eldridge and Amos Riddler.

NOVEMBER 29, 1941—Lanai City's barefoot gridgers invaded Maui under the leadership of Frank Kateron and lost to Wailuku's 100-pounders, 14-0, and in Paia's 120-pounders, 12-0, in a doubleheader at the Kahului Fairgrounds.

NOVEMBER 29, 1941—The Wailuku 120-pound barefoot football team capped the 1941 territorial championship when they defeated the Honolulu Warriors of Hilo 7-0 at the Kahului Fairgrounds. Wailuku scored early in the second quarter. From Hilo's 30-yard line the local team marched through two first downs as the first quarter ended. When play was resumed it took only two line plunges, with Pete Nakagawa carrying the ball, to push it across the goal line. Naka-gawa placed kick the extra point to make the score 7-0. Wailuku's starting lineup had K. Tokunaga, center; Bill Tokunaga and T. Kono, ends; S. Suma and F. Hamada, tackles; Wakayama and T. Kono, ends; Sadaoyasu, quarterback; Pete Nakagawa and N. Yokouchi, halfbacks; F. Ihara, fullback.

Grid Results

RICE 6, Southern Methodist 0.
TEXAS 71, Oregon 7.
TEXAS A&M 7, Washington State 6.
UTAH 12, Arizona 6.
UCLA 7, USC 7.
HAWAII 20, Willamette 6.

TENNIS ACE MARRIES

SYDNEY, Australia (U.P.)—In vesting decorations at the wedding reception of Adrian Quirk, Australia's crack tennis player, and Miss Sylvia Keighley, were seven replicas of the Davis Cup which the bridegroom did much to win. Six silver replicas surrounded the cake and the gold one which Adrian received when Australia gained the cup, surmounted it.

SOUTH SEAS TRIUMPH

P. Manori led the South Seas to a 17-6 victory over KAC "B" in a Kahului district Midget basketball league contest at the Kahului gym, last Saturday afternoon. Manori scored 10 points. The South

Idaho Football Stars Housed Free—In Jail

Mostly, Idaho (U.P.)—University of Idaho football players live at the Latah county jail. It isn't a fashionable address, but it's free. Behind the bars are Bill Mickey, star fullback; Ivo Konopka, tackle; Vince Hepgham, quarterback; and Tony Novacek, guard. Henahan is from Chicago, and the others from Milwaukee, Wis.

Their lodging is the county's contribution to the Vandal football fortunes. The boys earn about \$20 a month at jobs provided by the university and get a free meal a day at the team training table.

Seas trailed 9-4 at halftime, but held KAC "B" scoreless in the last two quarters while getting 13 points themselves.

You save \$2.20 a year by subscribing to The Maui News.

Leahy Questions Texas' Monopoly On Good Passers

SOUTH BEND, Ind. (U.P.)—Notre Dame coach Frank Leahy is beginning to wonder about the supposed Texas monopoly on forward passers.

There were Sammy Baugh and Davey O'Brien at T.C.U., but Leahy had Charley O'Rourke at Boston College last year, and Angelo Bertelli at Notre Dame this year. Bertelli came from West Spring field, Mass., while O'Rourke's home town is Malden, Mass.

ARCHERS' HUNTING GROUND SEATTLE, Wash. (U.P.)—Some 150 hunters armed with powerful bows and sharp arrows are stalking deer this season in a modern Sherwood Forest—a narrow strip of wilderness set aside for archers in central Washington. The area, called the Mad River reserve, is part of the Wenatchee national forest.

IN HONOLULU
"THE YOUNG"
has always been the rendezvous of island people.
Kamaaina folks know its hospitable cordiality.
Pure foods served at sensible prices in Air Conditioned dining rooms. Restful sleep in comfortable rooms. Dancing and gaiety if you like at Cocktail Time on The Roof Garden.
"Meet Me At The Young"
Is An Island Invitation
Larry W. Quinlan, Manager
The Alexander Young Hotel

When home tasks tire you... pause and Turn to Refreshment

Boarders, Maui Pine Win Games

Bill Villarin scored 18 points as Maui Pine defeated Sunny Side by 42-16 in the second game of a Hall-inale district Beginners basketball league doubleheader, last Wednesday night. It was Maui Pine's sixth straight victory.

Boarders trounced Mill Gang, 25-10, in the first game. Individual scoring honors went to Takao Ito, Boarders' guard who sank four field goals.

Use Maui News classified ads

Drink **Coca-Cola**
Delicious and Refreshing

Coca-Cola makes you feel refreshed. Its delicious taste is exhilarating and always leaves an after-sense of complete refreshment. So when you pause throughout the day, make it the pause that refreshes with ice-cold Coca-Cola.

YOU TASTE ITS QUALITY

Bottled under authority of The Coca-Cola Company by
Maui Soda & Ice Works, Ltd.,
Wailuku, Maui

Drink More MILK

VITAMINS FOR HEALTH
ENERGY
CALCIUM
PROTEINS
ENERGY
GENERAL

In that statement DRINK MORE MILK, there is the answer to a hundred questions. "How can I be strong?" "How can I keep going?"—these and many more all answered by the same three words. Milk supplies in abundance the energy and vitality so necessary to us. It builds young bodies to be strong—it opens young minds for knowledge and keeps mature minds constantly on the alert. Milk is the one drink that not only satisfies your thirst but rewards you in the form of more radiant health.

MAKE MILK A REGULAR HABIT AT YOUR TABLE.

AS A DRINK. For a cooling, invigorating conqueror of thirst, you can't beat fresh milk. It's a perfect pick-me-up for when you're feeling under the weather.

AS A FOOD. A glass of milk with every meal or between meals will do a real job of supplying you with the nutritional elements so necessary to good health.

HALEAKALA DAIRY
WE DELIVER
MAKAWAO
PHONE 2-W-704

U-U Teams Are Listed

Classified from Page Four:	
51 Lake Forest	3
24	10
MIDLAND COLLEGE	
20 Vanhook College	7
19 McPherson	7
18 Peru Normal	13
17 Western Union	13
16 Central College	13
15 Neb. Wesleyan	6
14 York College	6
13 Hastings College	6
12 Deane College	6
MINNESOTA	
11 Washington	6
10 Illinois	6
9 Pittsburgh	6
8 Michigan	6
7 Northwestern	7
6 Nebraska	6
5 Iowa	12
4 Wisconsin	6
NEBRASKA STATE	
30 Bethany	6
29 Hastings	6
28 Peru	7
27 Wesleyan	6
26 Sterling	6
25 Chadron	6
24 Wayne	6
ROSE POLY	
12 Wabash	7
11 Austin Peay	7
10 Evansville	7
9 Princeton	12
8 Franklin	7

IT CAN'T HAPPEN NOW



GROCERY STORES ON MAUI were crowded with customers Monday morning who sought to lay in a supply of essential food stuffs. This scene above, in Puunene Store, can't be repeated in view of the new regulations imposed by the district commander—MAUI News photo.

Vegetables Are Offered

Excess Pick Will Be Sold by Growers At Kahului

No. anticipating the emergency which has arisen, farmers in the Kula district last week picked a large amount of vegetables which cannot be sent to the Honolulu market, officials of the Maui Vegetable Growers' Association announced Tuesday.

Robert von Tempisky, manager for the association, announced that Mauians who wish to buy these vegetables may do so at wholesale rates by calling at the association's packing plant at the Fairgrounds in Kahului.

He said that there are 200 crates of Lehi cabbage available, 20 crates of Chinese cabbage, and 150 lugs of tomatoes.

This produce is perishable and if not sold fairly soon it will have to be thrown away, Mr. von Tempisky announced. He advised those who want to buy vegetables to get there to buy them so that purchase can be made in fairly large lots.

For the preservation of the cabbage for future use, Mr. von Tempisky suggested the following two recipes:

but do not wash the heads. The mill peat salts on the unwashed cabbage are a factor in the fermentation process.

Three cabbages directly into the crock, using preferably, a kraut shoveler that rests on the top of the crock so that it is not necessary to handle the cabbage. The shovels should be loos and about the thickness of a nickel, 1/2 of an inch if cut too thin, krautkaut is soft and mushy, and it cut too thick, it is unattractive in appearance.

Spinkle a layer of salt over each layer directly into the crock, using a potato masher, glass jar or some such vessel. When all the cabbage and salt are in the jar, cover with a clean white cloth; place an inverted plate on the cloth and top with as large a piece of limestone as possible. The weight of the stone holds the cabbage under the brine that soon forms and the small amount of lime that is dissolved by the brine adds in the lactic acid fermentation which gives krautkaut its characteristic flavor.

Allow to ferment for 1 month to 6 weeks in a cool place, preferably at a temperature of 60 degrees F. that of a very cool room or basement. A higher temperature speeds fermentation but kraut is likely to spoil.

Have that price print enlarged at The Maui News photographic department.

Free advertising and layout service is supplied by The Maui News to its customers.

CHRISTMAS SEALS



Protect Your Home from Tuberculosis

Stick off any film that may have been during the fermentation period. The krautkaut may be left in the jar, cover with a paper that the brine always covers the kraut and that the film is removed each time the crock is opened. Use a clean cut cloth each time the crock is covered.

If space in making krautkaut may be drained, packed tightly in sterilized jars and sealed. Makes 6 to 7 quarts.

SAUERKRAUT MADE FROM CHINESE CABBAGE
(An Illinois Innovation)
Ingredients: 1 pound Chinese cabbage; 1 pound 12 quart salt.

Sliced lower solid part of head of Chinese cabbage with a cabbage shoveler and upper part with a knife on a slicing board. Add 1 pound 12 quarts of salt to 10 pounds of cabbage (or 1 teaspoon to a quart), pack in quart glass jars and press down tightly. Place cover on the jars, but leave loose in order that the gas may escape. Because some juice will overflow from the jar, it is well to place the jars in examined pans until the period of gas formation is over. When the gas stops forming (after about the 15th day, if the weather is too hot) seal the jars tight and store in cool, dark place. Makes 21 to 25 quarts.

AIR RAID INSTRUCTIONS

AIR RAID SIGNAL: two one-minute blasts of mill whistles and siren every 15 minutes.

ALL CLEAR: two three-second blasts at one-half minute intervals, repeated for three minutes.

REMEMBER that the long blasts mean an air raid, and the short ones all clear.

Persons in frame houses, if time permits, should go outside under cover such as trees, etc., and remain motionless. If on roads, they should take to cover in ditches, depressions or shadows. If in automobiles, they should stop and take cover. If flames drop, persons should remain motionless and refrain from looking up as the face reflects light.

New Instructions For Civilians Are Issued By Disaster Council

An additional series of instructions to the civilian population was issued this morning by Maui district headquarters and Louis H. Herschler, coordinator of the Maui County Major Disaster Council.

Anyone noting any of the above should immediately telephone their area headquarters or police headquarters at the following numbers: Wailuku — 969 or 3695; Kahului — 5482; Puunene — 5695; Honolulu — 3122; Lahaina — 2692; Paia — 2-W-741; Haiku — 2-W-512; Kula — 313; Hana — 4-W-1011.

All schools were closed, and large public assemblies were forbidden by district military headquarters.

All individuals were warned to boil their drinking water, as a safety precaution, although as yet there is no reason to believe that water sources have been contaminated.

The following are the air raid warnings which will be in force henceforth, it was announced by Louis H. Herschler, disaster council coordinator:

This instruction is in accordance with practices being followed in Honolulu.

For an air raid: two one-minute blasts of mill whistles, one minute apart.

All residents were warned to be alert for strange ocean craft of any description, either surface ships or submarines.

For all clear: two three-second blasts at one-half minute intervals, repeated for 3 minutes.

It was emphasized that any long whistle blasts mean the approach of an air raid, and short blasts mean an all clear.

Rotary Club To Meet

The regular weekly meeting of the Maui Rotary Club will be held as usual Wednesday at the Maui Grand Hotel. Permit to hold the noon luncheon has been issued by Acting Provost Marshall Larsen. No meetings will be permitted at night.

CLASSIFIED ADS

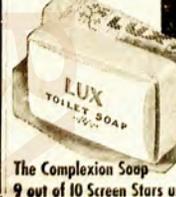
- For Rent**
- FOR RENT—at "Goodness Place," Vineyard St., Wailuku — 2 unfurnished, modern 2 bedroom cottages at \$27.50 per. Venetian blinds in living room. See Thomas Evans on the premises. No Phone.
- Completely furnished 2 Bedroom House, Phone 981
- Lost**
- Walt Whitman Wrist Watch, initials W.P.C. on back. Contact Wilson Cannon, Heward.
- Lost**—Key container with 4 keys. Finder please return to Maui News—Heward
- For Sale**
- 1928 Ford Business Coupe, Good Condition, Cash or Terms, Phone 981 or 6571.
- Story and Clark Piano Used 1 yr.—\$250.00 cash. See Nita, Store, Lahaina.
- 1941 International 4 ton Truck, Phone 2473.
- More than 1 acre of land at Kihali beach, 5 bedroom house and small 1 room cottage, complete house furnishings. Will sell cheap. Owner leaving for M. Island. Bargain. Immediate. Phone 5277.
- Used 1 yr. \$250.00 Cash—See Nita, Store, Lahaina.
- Engine Parts**
- APLAIQUE'S MACH WKS (HONO) LITTLE PISTONS Rings Wrist Pins Valve Seat Inserts Bearings and ETC. Stocked.
- Automobiles**
- Maui Dealers For: CHEVROLET
- Haleakala Motors, Ltd. Wailuku Phone 986
- Market St. Wailuku Phone 4015
- FORD V-8's**
- Maui Dealers For F.O.R. print Lots, Parts and Service
- Valley Isle Motors Wailuku Phone 4932
- Music Studios**
- CARL and ELSA CROSS BARKER Music Instruction in VOICE-VIOLIN & PIANO-GRATE Monday and Thursday—Maui Day Goods Office Bldg. Studio Wednesday—Allen Cecil Hope, Kula 10 A. M. to 5 P. M.

20 Earlham	10
19 Milton	10
THIEL COLLEGE	
22 Lock Haven	6
21 Garson	6
24 Hiram	6
17 Westminster	6
18 Hagar	6
16 Allegheny	6
12 Grove City	6
WESTERN MICHIGAN	
7 Western Reserve	6
14 Bryn Mawr	6
15 Iowa Teachers	7
17 Toledo	6
21 West Kentucky	6
12 Manchester	6
21 Wayne	6
12 Hison	6
193	27

YOU'LL FIND A DAILY LUX SOAP BEAUTY BATH A WONDERFUL WAY TO MAKE SURE OF DAINTINESS!



Lovely Ann Sheridan tells you: "No girl can be as attractive if she neglects daintiness." She uses her complexion soap, Lux Toilet Soap, as a daily bath soap, too. Its ACTIVE lather carries away perspiration, every trace of dust and dirt. Makes you sure of skin that's sweet. You'll love this luxurious, delicately perfumed bath.



The Complexion Soap 9 out of 10 Screen Stars use

BUDWEISER BEER

Our Dry Goods Department will continue operations in its present temporary location.

AN

Our Grocery Department will close at Noon Saturday, Dec. 13th in order to move the stock to the new store.

ANNOUNCEMENT

Due to a series of unforeseen circumstances which have arisen, the new Puunene Store, scheduled to officially open on Monday, December 15, 1941, has been postponed until a later date.

An announcement of the official opening date will be made at a time to be determined in the near future.

Our Grocery Department will open for business in the NEW Puunene Store on Monday morning, December 15. The Meat Department and Vegetable Department will NOT open at this time.

PUUNENE STORE

Alexander & Baldwin Limited

Sugar, Pineapples, Shipping and Insurance

- Agents for:
- Hawaiian Commercial & Sugar Co., Ltd.
 - Maui Agricultural Company, Ltd.
 - Hawaiian Sugar Company
 - Kaluku Plantation Company
 - McBryde Sugar Company, Ltd.
 - Kahului Railroad Company
 - Kaui Terminal, Limited
 - Baldwin Packers, Ltd.
 - Ulapakaia Ranch, Ltd.
 - Haleakala Ranch Company
 - Maui Pineapple Company, Ltd.
 - Kaui Pineapple Company, Ltd.
 - Kaui Electric Company, Ltd.

